THE MEREDITH EAGLE.

VOL. II. MEREDITH, N. H., MONDAY, MAY 1, 1882. NO. 53.

MRS. J. H. LADD,

Dress and Cloakmaker,

124 Main, opp, Mill Street,

LACONIA, N. H. e

TEBBETT'S

Photograph Rooms.

New and varied back ground scenery.

The best work at reasonable figures.

Copying and enlarging a specialty.

67 MAIN ST., [e] LACONIA, N. H.

J. HENRY STORY & CO.,

DEALER IN

Drugs & Medicines,

Chemicals, Fancy Goods, Perfumery, and in fact every thing usually found at a first-class apothecary store.

9 MAIN ST., [e] LACONIA, N. H

F. P. STEWART,

(Late J. S. Howe)

Livery Stable,

Cor. Water and Pleasant Street,

LACONIA, N. H. e

J. F. DURHAM,

Auction & Commission Merchant.

Second-hand Furniture a specialty, for which I pay cash, or take in exchange for goods or work. The Celebrated

Harwood Chair Seating. e

LACONIA, N. H.

M. M. ROBINSON,

DEALER IN

Watches, Clocks, Jewelry,

Silver and Plated Ware, Spectacles and Fancy Goods. Repairing a Specialty.

LAKE VILLAGE, N. H. e

J. U. FARNHAM,

MABLE WORKER

And Dealer in

MONUMENTS, GRAVESTONES, MANTLES MARBLE SHELVES, &c.

OPP. TOWN HALL, - PLYMOUTH, N. H.

Millinery.

Hats of Every Style and Description! Both Trimmed and untrimmed. Feathers, Flowers, Ribbons, Satins, Ties, Laces, and Velvets. Also, a

Good Assortment of Hair Goods.

All new and well selected.

Mrs. S. F. EVERETT,

eaug31y. LACONIA, N. H.

SEND IN DESCRIPTIONS

TO BE PUT INTO

WALKER'S

REAL ESTATE CATALOGUE,

Which is to be circulated soon. Send prices stating if for a city, A. L. WALKER & CO., Manchester, N. H. au15 up 10

Ladies, Save Your Hair Combings.

It will pay you. How? Send to the cabinet or and have them made into a

NICE SWITCH.

Combings as prepared by us by a New Patent Process and mixed with fresh hair of the same way, are fully equal to the best hair.

Price for preparing and making up 50 cts. per ounce.

All kinds of Hairwork made to order on short notice and guarantee to match a sample of hair sent; every thing, in short, we give our personal attention to this department of our business.

C. W. WADLEIGH,

140 North Main St., opp. Cox's Office. CONCORD, N. H.

jo dec12 3m

DANIEL NORRIS

Continues to keep on hand in the

TOWN HALL STORE,

A Good Assortment of Gilt and Black Walnut

MOULDINGS

For Picture Frames, and a variety of PICTURE FRAMES, Picture and Window Glass, Picture Cords, and Knobs, Paper and Holland Window Curtains, Fixtures, Tassels and Cords, Letter and Bill Paper Press, Pencils, Envelopes, Black Walnut and Cherry Hat Racks, Looking Glass Plates, Etc., Etc.

Also, Black Walnut and Cloth Covered

CASKETS & COFFINS,

of different sizes, Casket and Coffin Handles, Robes, Name Plates, and all Trimmings. Also, Keys, for Door Locks, Padlocks, etc. and also has a first-class, light, one-horse

WAGON FOR SALE.

All articles will be sold at the LOWEST PRICES.

MEREDITH VILLAGE, N. H.

Aug. 1881. eaug3-3m

Special Bargains

—IN—

STOVES, RANGES, FURNACES,

Tin, Glass, Britannia, Wooden and Hollow Wares, Table Cutlery, And

Kitchen Furnishing Goods

OF ALL KINDS.

Tin Roofing and Jobbing a Specialty.

Sole Agents for the Celebrated

"NEW HUB"

Stoves and Ranges,

The best in the World.

J. A. MITCHELL,

111 Main St.,

LACONIA, N. H.

etf

MEREDITH MATTERS.

Mr. Ela is very much improved in health.

Some of our farmers have commenced sowing.

Mrs. John W. Chase is quite low with a chronic lung trouble.

Sidney Baker has moved into the tenement over Mason's store.

Miss Allie Prescott of Somerville, Mass., is visiting friends in town.

Daniel Norris has just returned from a trip to northern Vermont.

Burleigh has recently lost by disease one of his fine breeding sows.

The trial trip made by the yacht Gracie proved satisfactory to all concerned.

Some improvements have lately been made on the church vestry by J. S. Sanborn.

Mrs. Connell is very sick and fears are entertained that she may never recover.

The exhibition drill by the Belknap Rifles at the Town Hall was well attended.

Some 18 cars loaded entirely with peas and barley passed through here recently en route for Scotland.

Fred Blake has sold out his cash et business, stock, tools and building. The new man takes possession at once.

Ben Bickford and Ed Rand have left here for Springfield, Mo., where they intend to engage in mechanical pursuits.

Leavitt Corey was severely injured in the foot, while in a saw mill, at Rumney. The injury necessitates his return home.

Harry Dustin, together with a company of workmen, have gone to Moultonboro to do some repairing on Mr. Green's house.

Charles Prescott recently lost a yoke of oxen by their being run over by the cars while crossing the track near the Pond.

S. L. Wadleigh has recently been in northern New Hampshire and Canada, buying a gentleman's driving horse for his own use.

James Hinchcliff, formerly a citizen of this place, has been engaged by Mr. Hodgson, as second hand in the knitting room of his mill.

C. S. Prescott has a "Hereford" bull, two years old, that tips the scales at 1450; also a "Hereford" calf that at a day old weighed 112 pounds.

The Belknap Lodge, No. 14, of this place celebrated the 63rd anniversary of the introduction of Odd Fellowship into America, by a literary entertainment at their lodge room.

The Meredith Dramatic company have in preparation the drama, "The Turn of the Tide" or "Wrecked in Port," which they propose to present to the public the coming month.

A little daughter of J. P. F. Smith recently fell into the canal in the rear of Moses' shop and narrowly escaped drowning. Her cries attracted the attention of Mr. Moses, who rescued her.

The attention of farmers is called to the advertisement of Messrs. Bunch & Sons in another column. The reputation of their Phosphate is world-wide. Send for circular. 3m je febl

PILES! PILES!! PILES!!!

A Sure Cure Found at Last. No One Need Suffer.

A sure cure for the Blind, Bleeding, Itching and Ulcerated Piles has been discovered by Dr. Williams (an Indian remedy) called Dr. Williams' Indian Ointment. A single box has cured the worst chronic cases of 25 and 30 years standing. No one need suffer five minutes after applying this wonderful soothing medicine. Lotions, instruments and electuaries do more harm than good. Williams' Ointment absorbs the tumors, allays the intense itching (particularly at night after getting warm in bed), acts as a poultice; gives instant and painless relief, and is prepared only for Piles, nothing else.

Read what the Hon S. M. Cofinberry, of Cleveland, says about Dr. Williams' Indian Pile Ointment; I have used scores of pile cures, and it affords me pleasure to say that I have never found anything which gave such immediate and permanent relief as Dr. Williams' Indian Pile Ointment

For sale by all druggists, or mailed on receipt of price. $1.

Frank S. Henry & Co., Prop's.

CLEVELAND, O.

For sale by Eastman & Brown, Wentworth. Wholesale Agents, George C. Goodwin & Co., Boston, Mass.

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$30.00 Worth of New and Popular Music for $1.

Thomas Brothers' Musical Journal for March is undoubtedly the finest and best Journal of its kind published. The reading matter is varied and original, being news from all parts of the world. The Journal will have a new feature this year in being beautifully illustrated, and printed on fine heavy calendered paper. Each number will have over Two Dollars worth of Sheet Music printed from our best plates; and as you receive one number each month, at the end of year you have for binding one of the finest collections of vocal and instrumental music imaginable. Don't fail to subscribe for the Journal at once. Price per year, One Dollar; or with a beautiful Chromo, 22x36, One Dollar and thirty-five cents, the 35c. being the actual cost of packing and postage for express on the Chromo. Sample copy of the Journal, 10c. We want an agent in every village and city in the United States and Canada to take subscriptions for the Journal. Address Jas H. Thomas, Successor to Thomas Brothers, Catskill, N. Y., U. S. A. 4w jesa

A HOME FREE.—To the person sending us the largest list of TRIAL subscribers before Sept. 1, 1882, we will give, absolutely FREE, a home in Texas of 80 acres of land; 1st largest 40 column illustrated paper for the Home and Farm and is sent on trial to NEW subscribers 3 months for only 10 cents in silver. Tells all about TEXAS. Make up a club and send all money by registered letter to OUR SUNNY SOUTH, Brownwood, Texas.

ASHLAND.

Almost everybody has been smelting.

Spearing is the order of the evenings now.

Samuel Goss has moved into John Jewett's house.

Charles Peavey is at work for L. A. Ham painting.

Our painters are now all busy, there being nine, all told.

The Earnest Workers met at David Pierce's, Wednesday evening.

We call the attention to N. E. Morse's ad. in another column.

Charles Mudgett of Boston, has been visiting at A. E. Porter's.

Miss Alma Heath and her mother have moved to Meredith Village.

Cotton is doing some grading in front of the Squam Lake House.

Go to John S. Drew and sample his ginger ale, manufactured by him.

John B. Carr is shingling his house, as well as Col. Hodgdon his buildings.

The fence is being put around the school house lot, by John S. Drew and Francis M. Hughes.

Col. Hiram Hodgdon left for Nebraska, Tuesday noon where he is engaged in the cattle business.

The remains of Mrs. Edward Smith were brought here for interment from Concord, last Saturday.

Nathaniel Batchelder is taking out some of the old machinery at the Baker mill and is to put in two new water wheels.

Hull's Full Orchestra played at Woodsville, Wednesday evening, at the anniversary of the Odd Fellows lodge located there.

It is reported that Col. Hodgdon has exchanged his property that is known as Hinkleyville with Samuel Blanchard, Jr., for his farm.

C. A. Huckins began Monday morning to put on an addition to his shop twenty feet square. Geo. P. Swayne and Daniel Cummings are doing the work.

A. J. West is to put up a steam mill on David Webster's farm near his wood lot. A dam has been put in so to furnish water for his engine, which we understand is to be about 50 horse power.

For aged men, women, weak and sickly children, without a rival. Will not cause headache. Brown's Iron Bitters.

Rev. Mr. Shinn delivered a lecture at the Town Hall, Thursday evening, under the auspices of the G. A. R.; subject the G. A. R. and its Mission. There was a large audience present. Mr. Shinn is an eloquent speaker and held the close attention of the audience from the begining of his lecture to the clo e.

Rheumatism, disordered blood, general debility, and many chronic diseases pronounced incurable, are often cured by Brown's Iron Bitters.

Overworked men and women, persons of sedentary habits, and others whose system needs recuperation, nerves toned, and muscles strengthened, should use Brown's Iron Bitters. jlt

The Grafton Lodge, I. O. O. F., celebrated the 63rd anniversary of Odd Fellowship, at the Town Hall, Wednesday evening. Quite a large audience was present; speeches were made by H. C. Dearborn, Rev. D. M Leavitt; music was furnished by J. R. Colby of Meredith Village, Francis M. Hughes and George C. Rowe. A general good time was had and a fine collation was served in the hall.

A phosphate that gives satisfactory results is one that farmers will buy. Practical proofs presented briefly by users have more weight than long columns of theory.

Mr. C. E. Jackson, of South Corinth, N. H., says: "I have used Bowker's Phosphate for corn for past three or four years, and consider it the best in the market. I have previously used several other brands, but consider Bowker's far the best. I used 1,400 lbs. the past season and shall want 2,000 the coming spring." jlt

The May ball and masquerade is all the talk now and we take pleasure in announcing that it will positively take place, Tuesday evening, May 2d, at town hall with a full corps of efficient floor managers. This will probably be the last ball of the season. Music will furnished by Hull's full orchestra, 7 pieces, with L. B. Hull as prompter and with this music is enough to ensure a good, full party, and a general good time; remember the date, May 2d.

BABYLAND FOR 1882.

The only magazine in the world for Babies.

BABYLAND is edited by the editors of WIDE AWAKE. And this dainty monthly, indispensable in all households where there are baby-folks, will be made more beautiful for 1882 than during any year before. It will have its musical jingles, and its pretty stories of tiny men and women, and its large, handsome pictures as heretofore. And in addition, one of our best artists will draw for it a set of beautiful pictures of

CHILD-LIFE ON A FARM.

They will be in outline, and will be very popular in the nursery for the children to draw or color. Mrs. Clara Doty Bates will also write for it a set of

TWELVE NURSERY POEMS.

BABYLAND is printed in large type on very heavy cream-tint paper.

A NOVEL OFFER!

That all the babies in the world may know how delightful BABYLAND is, the publishers make the novel offer of sending the magazine, as a

LITTLE CONGRATULATORY PRESENT,

postage paid, and free of charge, for three months,

TO EVERY BABY BORN DURING 1882,

whose address is sent them by the parents or by friends.

BABYLAND is only 50 cents a year. Send the address of your baby, and the addresses of your baby friends, and specimens will be sent them.

D. LOTHROP & CO Publishers,

Franklin Street, Boston

WOODSTOCK.

Nearly an average amount of maple sugar has been made in this town this spring.

Let Him, Who Wins It, Bear The Palm."

"He who cures the ills of flesh" quoth the sage, "is even greater than he who conquers in war." Certain it is then, that Dr. Swayne has earned the laurel of greatness. His Ointment for skin diseases has been the means of releasing thousands from the indescribable horrors of that complaint. The best evidence of an article is obtained by a practical test, and the unsolicited indorsement of those who profit by its use.

j-aprill-1-im-op

The school house in district No. 2 is being reshingled, clapboarded and otherwise repaired.

Almost Made a New Person of Me.

"I am daily improving and can walk about the house with considerable ease. I had almost despaired of ever being able to leave my bed, but Compound Oxygen, with God's blessing, has almost made a new person of me." Treatise on "Compound Oxygen" sent free. Drs. STARKEY & PALEN, 1109 and 1111 Girard Street, Philadelphia, Pa. jlt

HEALY'S Vegetable Tonic Cordial is an unsurpassed alterative for the blood, and a valuable spring tonic for women. See advt. jlt

In consequence of the recent rains our streets are very muddy, making traveling very bad.

"It is curing everybody," writes a druggist. Kidney-Wort is the most popular medicine we sell. It should be by right, for no other medicine has such specific upon the liver, bowels and kidneys. If you have those symptoms which indicate biliousness or deranged kidneys do not fail to procure and use it faithfully. In liquid or dry form it is sold by all druggists.—*Salt Lake City Tribune.* jlt

The fabulous correspondent who gave an account of the Smiths' recent sugar party in last weeks' JOURNAL had better obtain the truth in regard to the matter before sending detractive communications to newspapers as the account given was a malicious falsehood, as can be proved by all persons present. ALPHEUS.

Hamlet, Prince of Denmark.

The illustrious bard of Avon is being honored with still another edition of his works and this time it is one that will delight not only the rich, who are pleased to adorn their libraries with beautiful books, but also the millions of bookbuyers, to whom the possession of a handsome edition of Shakespeare's heretofore been impossible, on account of the high cost. We have received from the Useful Knowledge Publishing Company a charming little volume containing "Hamlet Prince of Denmark;" 128 pages, beautiful, leaded type, excellent paper, and tasteful cloth binding, which they sell for only 20 cents! They are issuing his complete dramatic works in 10 handy "Elzevir" volumes, uniform with this, for the amazingly low price of twenty-five cents per volume, and will also publish a "Red Line Elzevir" edition, gilt edges, richly ornamented in black and gold, in ten volumes, all for $4.50. The Company announces a large number of standard and exceedingly valuable publications excellent in quality in every way, at prices such as the world has never before seen. Specimen pages and catalogues will be sent upon application by postal card to The Useful Knowledge Publishing Company, 152 William St., New York City.

FACTS AND FICTIONS OF ZOOLOGY. By Andrew Wilson, Ph. D. 23 Illustrations. J. Fitzgerald & Co., Publishers, 143 4th Avenue, New York. Price 15 cents.

This captivating work forms No. 39 *Humboldt Library of Popular Science.* The book is full of the most curious and out-of-the-way information about what may be termed the mythological element in zoology; such fables as that of the "sea serpent," the "barnacle geese," &c., and shows what foundation in fact underlies these odd beliefs of our forefathers. The author is one of the naturalists of England, and possesses to an eminent degree the faculty of popularizing science. For sale by all news dealers.

IRELAND OF TO-DAY: The causes and Aims of Irish Agitation. Illustrated By M. F. Sullivan, with an introduction by Thomas Power O'Connor, M. P., J. C. McCurdy publishers, Philadelphia; Cincinnati, O.; Chicago, Ill.; St. Louis, Mo.

To the great body of the people of the United States, whose reading about the Irish question has been almost necessarily confined to publications written from the English point of view, and who know Ireland only as thus represented, or rather misrepresented, we especially commend this work.

We wish it could be brought to the attention of every one who is indifferent upon the Irish question, or has taken up the idea that it is an agitation engendered based only upon sentimental greivences.

They would find in this book no rhetorical generalities or descriptions drawn from imagination, but facts gathered from sources of unquestionable reliability, and statements by persons of unimpeachable veracity.

"Entirely disconnected from the 'Irish Land movement, revealing the true nature and effects of Irish landlordism, its grinding oppression, its exhorbitant exactions, and the depths of squalid, speechless poverty and misery to which it reduces Irish tenants, which require no appeals to feeling to fill every human mind with detestation of the Irish land system, and commiseration for those upon whom it has been imposed. The publishers want Agents everywhere jesa lt

NATURE'S TRIUMPH.

FRAZIER'S ROOT BITTERS.

If you are weak or languid, use Frazier's Bitters

If your flesh is flabby and your complexion sallow, use Frazier's Bitters.

If you live in a malarial district, use Frazier's Bitters.

If worn down with the care of children, use Frazier's Bitters.

If you have got the blues, use Frazier's Bitters.

If you have kept late hours and lived contrary to the laws of health, use Frazier's Bitters.

If you need toning up, use Frazier's Root Bitters.

If you have abused instead of used nature's gifts, use Frazier's Bitters.

If you feel old before your time, use Frazier's Bitters.

If life has become a burden and you have gloomy forebodings, use Frazier's Bitters.

If your hand trembles and your eyes have grown dim, Frazier's Root Bitters will make you feel young again. Sold by all druggists everywhere at the low price of $1 per bottle.

Frank S. Henry & Co., Sole Prop'rs.

CLEVELAND, O.

For sale by Eastman & Brown, Wentworth. Agent George C. Goodwin & Co., Boston, Mass.

apr19 jes-1y.

LINCOLN.

Dolloff & Hanson Bros., have just received a balance wheel from Manchester which they are going to affix to their bolting up rig.

Another good run of sap.

Wagons are used here altogether and sleighs are taking a short vacation after many months of hard labor. Who can not rejoice?

I. M. Hanson has had his faithful and much esteemed dog Trust killed. Old age, accompanied by its infirmities, rendered it necessary.

Mrs. Alvah Merrill and her daughter Annie, of Plymouth, have been making Mrs. Dearborn a visit.

Herman, youngest child of Dura and Addie Packard, died April 24th, aged 2 years, 7 months and 18 days. This little one, though so sorely afflicted by the most fearful burns and later by the scarlet fever and rash, endured his sufferings with surprising patience and without a murmur took the medicine which was most faithfully administered. Much sympathy is felt for the sorrowing parents and grand parents who so deeply le l the loss of "little curly head;" and may they find consolation in the thought that

Heaven is the land where troubles cease,
Where toils and tears are o'er,
The sunny clime of rest and peace,
Where cares distract no more.

As we gazed upon the cold form on little Herman as he lay so beautiful in his little casket adorned so appropriately with flower, it was hard to realize than his childish laugh would never gladden us and that the little hands so still if death would never "help mamma" any more, and it was still harder to understand why

So fades the lonely blooming flower,
Frail, smiling solace of an hour;
So soon our transient comforts fly,
And pleasures bloom only to die.

The funeral was held at the house and was manaced by D. Dearborn; Isa Hanson and Willie Bears were bearers. Rev. Mr. Favor preached a sermon which afforded the afflicted friends much comfort, after which the remains were carried to North Woodstock for burial. The friends of the deceased tender many thanks to Mrs. Dearborn who so thoughtfully sent such beautiful flowers.

DICKENS.

Important to Travelers!

Special Inducements are offered you by the Burlington Route. It will pay you to read their advertisement to be found elsewhere in this issue. jalymay1

Rip Van Winkle.

The, perhaps the most famous, as it is one of the charming sketches which American literature has produced, gives the title to a very beautiful and remarkably cheap little volume just issued by the Useful Knowledge Publishing Co., New York. The volume comprises all the most interesting articles usually included in "The Sketch Book" of Washington Irving. It contains 240 pages beautiful type, excellent paper, press work and extra cloth binding and is sold for only 25 cents, or by mail 25 cents! This is the second volume published under the programme of the "Library of Rebellion." It certainly surpasses both in quality and cheapness any of the famous books of the Literary "Revolution." The reading public certainly appreciate the work of Mr. Allen, whose skill and energy will be recognized in this new enterprise. The company announce as in press, uniform with Rip Van Winkle, Green's Larger History of the English people, in five volumes, $1.50, Carlyle's French Revolution, 2 volumes, 70 cents, Cressy's Fifteen Decisive Battles, 35 cents, and Schiller's History of the Thirty Years' War, 35 cents. These same, our famous histories, are to be issued in one volume, "model octavo," for the amazingly low price of $1.25. Specimen pages and catalogue will be sent on receipt of postal card by the publishers, the Useful Knowledge Publishing Company, 162 William St., N. Y.

A Great Blessing to Mothers and Nurses.

"Swayne's Teething Cure" for Infants.

This new theory and infallible remedy has saved the lives of thousands of children. When the child is in pain, or restless, its teeth shooting in gums, simply rub the gums for two or three minutes with the "Cure." What little it may swallow will relieve Colic, pain and flatulence, prevent fever, and avoid that painful operation of lancing the gums, which always makes the next tooth harder to come through and sometimes causes death. Depend upon it, mothers, it will give rest to yourselves and immediate relief and health to your infants. A very safe medical writer, who enjoys a large and lucrative practice, says: "rubbing the gums with a soothing lotion, is the only true method for children teething, poisonous drugs should never be introduced into their delicate stomachs. "Swayne's Teething Cure" is prepared only by Dr. Swayne & Son, Philadelphia, and sold by all leading Apothecaries at 25 cents a bottle. jesa-jan25-1y

The Women of Mormanism.

"The Women of Mormanism, or the Story of Polygamy, as told by the Victims Themselves," is the title of a new book which will be eagerly read. It is edited by Mrs. Jennie Anderson Froiseth, of Salt Lake City, one of the foremost workers in the Anti-Polygamy cause. She gives very nearly in the words of the poor deluded victims the accounts of their dreadful miseries and sufferings, showing how the first wife has often been forced for the sake of bread and shelter for her children to consent to have her husband take another wife, even the woman she most hated. While for herself she might be plunged beneath the waters of the Jordan, yet for the sake of her children she has consented to see her husband bring another woman into her home to usurp her place in his affections.

Every woman should read it that she may learn the better to prize the blessings of her own home and be able to sympathize with the poor unfortunate sisters and do more for their relief.

Rev. Moses Smith, pastor of the Second Congregational Church, Detroit, Mich., writes: "I read the manuscript pages with an interest which at times rose to astonishment and indignation. This book I am sure will be found to be the right thing in the right place, at the right time and from the right source. Every pastor in the land may recommend the volume before he sees it, and a million copies ought to be sold in one year."

The book is finely illustrated. It is sold only by subscription and offers a rare opportunity for enterprising agents to make money. For particulars address the publishers, W. H. Thompson & Co., 32 Hawley St., Boston.

MARRIED.

In Belmont, April 8th, at the residence of Mr. C. C. Clark, by Rev. T. G. Wilder, Mr. Frank B. Peaslee of Ashland, to Miss Hattie C. Wade of Hill.

OUR NEW YORK LETTER.

NOTABLE FEATURES OF FASHION AND PROGRESS.

After late, lingering Winter how grateful to soul and sense are the latitudes and lustres of Spring. Nature, throughout the length and breadth of the land, puts on her flower-garnished robes of green, while for us in the great city, the sun showers fall upon echoing by-paths of granite and asphalt; and we are fain to enjoy such glimpses of early flowers as are obtainable from the show windows of the dry goods temples of gotham. Shopping is delicious business for the nonce, and is exciting to compare notes and draw deductions for the benefit of those remote mercantile centres.

At Lord & Taylor's—they have the loveliest things, and the styles are simply perfect.

Dress goods cover all of possibility in the matter of color, texture and combination. Hats run a gamut of grades and sizes from one extreme to the other. One can scercely go astray, either in the class of article, or in the fashion of its make or trimming.

Yet while they have a class of importations of the purest taste and tone, destined in character and quality to meet the requirements of the favored few, the needs of the large public are looked after with a foresight which is marvelous, and the greatest care and promptness are exercised in filling orders by mail. All classes of goods are safely and swiftly transported by post or expressly to all parts of the country. This method of purchasing by proxy vouchsafes to residents remote from great mercantile centres the privileges, without the attendant drawbacks and expenses of life near the marts of the metropolis. It is an ingenious system of equalizing the diversified facilities of an age which tends to the highest possibilities of culture and progress to the æsthetic as well as the material phases of civilization.

Disciples of Oscar Wilde study the science of beauty from a facial and figurative stand-point. At the far-famed Parisian Salon, 54 W. 14th street, may be obtained a pamphlet catalogue of cosmetics, said by an artist in charge to contain the veritable ingredients, known to comprehend the secret of beauty possesed by the late Empress of the French. These lotions are purely compounded, as proven by strictest chemical test, hence, though absolutely harmless, they impart a suppleness of muscle and a delicacy of contour and complexion, which effect such wonderful transformations, one can but feel the great English æsthete has done a good thing for our sex, which S. Shaw has thus emphasized and discriminated.

Another pleasing departure of progress is the alliance of literature of high order to the industries, which are practical demonstrators of art and science. The *Fashion Magazine* published by E Ridley & Sons is replete with excellence in each and all its departments! The literary portion entitles it to rank among the best periodicals, while the practical side is so comprehensively complete that no lady at home or abroad will fail to find in its profusely illustrated pages some article desirable for the personal use or home adornment.

The *Monthly Journal*, published by Baldwin the clothier, is an anomaly of inestimable value from a literary as well as practical stand point. Other New York houses have their special claims to public recognition, which they spare neither time nor money in rendering acceptable to patrons of taste and culture.

Prominent among trade exchanges of more practicable character is the Spring circular of Sharpless & Sons, of Philadelphia. The stock of their immense establishment is so catalogued as to make the way clear to country purchasers. The prices are marked in plain figures, so that mistakes are akin to impossible. The house, one of the oldest in mercantile annals, having undergone a thorough revolution in the way of repairs, has come forth perfect as a daisy, to greet and gratify the unlimited display of novelties, which are synonymous with the return of their foreign buyer from the markets of the old world.

teSamples of Spring goods, with system of measurements, with full instructions upon complicated points of style, are sent on receipt of name and address, to those who find it beneficial to avail themselves of the enterprise which derides distance and triumphs over all things C. C.

We gladly publish the following letter from a practical farmer:

WINDHAM, N. H., Dec. 27, 1881.

BRADLEY FERTILIZER CO.,—In regard to Bradley's Phosphate, I think there is but one question to be met,—Can farmers afford to pay the price? I think the price is high; but I would ask every farmer if it is not as cheap as any manure he can buy, counting the cost of handling. Barnyard manure cannot be obtained in sufficient quantities. Every farmer wants all he can make, and then does not have half enough. It is my opinion that it pays New Hampshire farmers to buy the Phosphate, even at present price. Let every farmer, who does not cut his barn full of hay, buy a few barrels of Bradley's Phosphate, and sow it broadcast upon his fields about the first of April, say 300 pounds per acre where the grass is not all bound out, and nine out of ten you will say it pays. It will last as long as any manure. This I can show on my farm. You complain of your pasture. Try Bradley's Phosphate on them. Your cows are poor and are not doing well, they are inclined to chew bones, your pasture has been a very good one, your father and grandfather called it good,—what is is the history of it? A nice lot running back from your barn on to a beautiful hill, very convenient for young cattle from early spring till late on the fall, and cows have cropped it every summer from your earliest remembrance; and not one pound of manure has been carried on to it. You have raised your cattle, and fatted your beef, had all your milk, pastured your horses on it, and have never made the slightest return. Now, I ask you if it is not reasonable to suppose that it would pay to put some kind of manure on your pasture? And as you can do it any cheaper or easier than by using Bradley's Phosphate? I know it will pay you to use it liberally. I have stated to you my ideas, but I think every one feels more the force of a truth after he has demonstrated it for himself. Your farms may be small and your means cramped; but I advise you to buy Bradley's Phosphate, and give it a fair trial.

HORACE BERRY.

Parker's Hair Balsam

Satisfies the most fastidious as a perfect Hair Restorer and Dressing. Admired for its cleanliness and elegant perfume. Never Fails to Restore Grey or Faded Hair to the youthful color. 50 cts. and $1 sizes at all druggists.

PARKER'S GINGER TONIC

Ginger, Buchu, Mandrake, Stillingia and many of the best medicines known are here combined into a medicine of such varied and effective powers, as to make the Greatest Blood Purifier & the

Best Health and Strength Restorer Ever Used.

It cures Dyspepsia, Rheumatism, Sleeplessness, all diseases of the Stomach, Bowels, Lungs, Liver, Kidneys, and all Female Complaints.

If you are wasting away with Consumption, or any disease, use the Tonic to-day. It will surely help you. Remember it is far superior to Bitters, Essences of Ginger and other Tonics, as it builds up the system without intoxicating. 50c. and $1 sizes, at all dealers in drugs. None genuine without signature of H. T. COE & Co., N. Y. Send for circular

LARGE SAVING IN BUYING THE DOLLAR SIZE.

CAMPTON.

The feelings of your Campton correspondent appear by your last issue to be greatly exercised over the location of the Valley Railroad. The interests of the people in general are not consulted, the business centers are neglected, the rights of land owners disregarded, money enough might have been raised along the line to have had the track where all would have been satisfied, provided everybody lived at Campton. But your correspondent can be accommodated. When the road is completed let him take the friends he speaks of and build a branch from Blairs bridge to Cook's store. It will cost but little being a very level route. The Village will take care of itself and the community can be as well accommodated as ever for the highway is open to Plymouth. We are not used to betting, but for the fun of the thing we will bet a bowl of oysters and a glass of beer thrown in, with your correspondent, that after the road is completed you cannot buy one of the intervale farms one dollar less than you could five years ago. As for freighting from the business centers, one four horse team does the bulk of it now and when completed one burly Irishman with his 1,200 steed and his dump cart will do the most of it and look up for more. The remark that everything has been conducted in a clandestine manner from the start comes with an ill grace from any one who must have known these directors as men of first ratebusiness talent with legal knowledge, who possess in a high degree the public confidence. For ourselves we bid them God speed in giving to us what we have long needed, an iron connection with the rest of the world.

WEST CAMPTON.

Branch offices 280 West Baltimore street, Baltimore, Md., 308 N. 6th street, St Louis, Mo., 25 6th avenue, Pittsburg, Pa., 357 Washington street, Boston, Mass., 8 S Queen street, Lancaster, Pa., Cor. 9th and Walnut, Camden, N. J. jesa apr15 3m

SHORT ADVERTISEMENTS.

NOTICE.

Transient advertisements as follows: House, Land or other property Wanted, or For Sale or to Let, Help Wanted, Situations Wanted, Property Lost or Found; Board or Rooms Wanted or To Let, will be inserted in this column at the rate of ONE HALF OF ONE CENT PER WORD for each insertion, if paid in advance.

Local notices will be published among the reading matter under any town for one cent per word each week. Nothing published for less than 25 cents.

GOOD PIANO FOR SALE.—At N. S. CALLEY'S. dec29,tf.

MR. H. H. M-QUESTEN.—Wishes her many Meweler would be pleased to see his many friends and customers at the store of L. C. HULL, next door to the post-office. marlljeaf

PEWS.—To let or sell in the Methodist Church, Plymouth. Enquire of ALVIN BURLEIGH. 1 mje21

2 CARD COLLECTORS, stamp and receive by next mail 10 of Beautiful Fancy Cards, including Photograph, Picture & chromo cards. Address Sunshine Pub. House, Geneva, Ohio.

BOYS send 10 packages of Printing photograph, picture & chromo cards. Address to SUNSHINE PUB. HOUSE, GENEVA, OHIO.

TENEMENTS AND ROOMS.—To let Situations procured and Help furnished Real Estate and Personal Property bought and sold. Call at this office. dj6eaf

PURE BROWN LEGHORN EGGS for Hatching. One Set, 13 Eggs, 50 cents. Apply or Address, DAVID PIERCE, jesamar16-3m Ashland, N. H.

MUSIC COMPOSERS, Teachers, Amateurs, having Composition ready for publication should send to STANDARD MUSIC PUBLISHING HOUSE, GENEVA, O. Best terms ever given. Chance to get rich. New idea.

NOTICE.—All persons owing Hodgman & Parker can find their notes and accounts with me, and as I am going out in a very short time, one and all are invited to call and settle.

HIRAM HODGDON.

Ashland, March 9, 1882. jesatf

WESTERN TICKET AGENCY,

Plymouth, N. H.

Tickets to Buffalo, Cleveland, Chicago, Port Huron, Detroit, and all principal points between Chicago and San Francisco. For tickets and information, apply to conductor or

F. LOUGEE,

Western Ticket Agent.

General Ticket Office, B. C. R. & M. & White Mo. R. R. 1jesaapr1

WISTAR'S BALSAM OF WILD CHERRY

WILL CERTAINLY CURE

Coughs, Colds, Hoarseness, Sore Throat, Bronchitis, Influenza, Asthma, Whooping Cough, Croup, and every Affection of the Throat, Lungs and Chest, including Consumption. Sold by all Druggists.

ESTABLISHED IN 1828.

R. R. HIGGINS & CO.,

Planters & an wholesale dealers in Providence River, Wenham and all kinds of Fancy

OYSTERS

In any quantity, by the barrel, one-half or gallon. Capes Cluse by the bushel or gallon.

130 Court and 32 Howard Streets,

BOSTON, Mass.

Opening House at 339 Atlantic Avenue, Boston; Also, at Drawsville, R. I., and at Norfolk, Va. 1jeap1 3m

SWAYNES OINTMENT

AN UNFAILING REMEDY FOR ALL SKIN DISEASES SUCH AS TETTER, ITCH, SORES, PIMPLES, ERYSIPELAS, RING WORM, &c. BLOTCHES

THE GREAT CURE FOR ITCHING PILES

Symptoms are moisture, stinging, itching, worse at night; seems as if pin-worms were crawling about the rectum; the private parts are often affected. As a pleasant, economical and positive cure, SWAYNE'S OINTMENT is superior to any article in the market. Sold by druggists, or send 50 cts. in Sct. Stamps. 3 Boxes, $1.25. Address, DR. SWAYNE & SON, Phila., Pa

Wistar's Balsam of Wild Cherry cures coughs, colds, bronchitis, whooping cough, croup, influenza, consumption, and all diseases of the throat, lungs and chest. 50c and $1 a bottle. je-ly-marl

PERUVIAN AN IRON TONIC SYRUP

Cures Dyspepsia, Nervous Affections, General Debility, Fever and Ague, Paralysis, Chronic Diarrhœa, Colic, Dropsy, Humors, Female Complaints, Liver Complaint, Remittent Fever, and all diseases originating in a bad State of the Blood, or accompanied by Debility or a low

We have just received two pieces of Music from Blair & Lydon, 298 Washington Street, Boston. The Widow McCarty (30 cents) Song and Chorus, Written by Miss Emma O'Connor, arranged by Ambrah, and Joyful Party Schottische (50 cents) composed by George Fox.

A Valuable Book on Health.—"MEDICAL COMMON SENSE."

Is the appropriate title of a book we have just received from the author, N. B. Wolfe, of Cincinnati, O. It is a plain common sense treatise on the pathology and treatment of the organs of respiration; with special reference to the treatment of consumption, asthma, bronchitis, loss of voice, bleeding, etc., by medical inhalations. Every person afflicted with any of these maladies should send 25 cents to the author for a copy of his book. He says, "In the providence of God, it has been the means of preventing much suffering and of saving many valuable lives."

Dr. Wolfe is an old citizen of Cincinnati, whose practice has been for twenty-five years confined exclusively to treating diseases of the head, throat and lungs.

BEWARE OF FRAUDS.

The original and only genuine "Rough on Rats" is manufactured by and has the name of Ephraim S. Wells, Jersey City, N. J., on each box.

He employes no Traveling Agents, nor peddlers. jesa lt

The Study of Words

By Richard Chenevix Trench. Complete in two parts, 15 cents each. J. Fitzgerald & Co., Publishers, 143 4th Avenue, New York.

Archbishop Trench's work is universally admitted to be at once the most learned and the most interesting treatise we possess, upon the origin and use of English words. It is simply indispensable to every one who would acquire a mastery of his mother tongue. The diffusion of such works contributes not only to correctness in speaking and writing, but even more to precision in thinking. The present edition is the cheapest ever offered of this standard work. It is comprised in two parts, price only fifteen cents each. Part One is now ready; Part Two will be published in April. For sale by the trade.

ROBINSON & Co.

Have just opened a fine lot of

CHAMBER SETS

Both in Ash and Painted Suits which they offer at reasonable prices.

A nice Chamber Suit for $18.00

A full assortment of Parlor Suits, Easy Chairs, Lounges, Mattresses and general Household Furniture.

Anything not in stock we will furnish at short notice. Also,

Manufacturers of

Fine Cabinet Organs

NEWS OF THE WEEK.

The Missouri Democratic State Convention will meet at Jefferson City on July 26.

Five hundred and forty-seven Chinese laborers from Hong Kong arrived at Victoria, B. C.

Mitchell & Messenger's livery stable, at Des Moines, Iowa, was burned, together with twelve horses.

General Burt, President of the Boston Hoosac Tunnel and Western Railroad Company, died at Saratoga, N. Y.

Thomas McMullen was at Taunton, Mass., convicted of murder in the second degree for having killed his wife.

A fire in the West Virginia Penitentiary at Wheeling, originating in the Webster Company's wagon factory, caused a loss of $28,000.

The Revere House, owned by Sir Hugh Allen, situated on the west side of Lake Memphremagog, in Quebec, was burned to the ground.

The special prize for pugs of the champion class was awarded at the New York bench show to "George," the property of Mrs. Edwin A. Pue, of Philadelphia.

Investigation into the accounts of the late Local Manager Fisher, of the Ontario Bank, at Toronto, who committed suicide, shows a deficiency of about $33,000.

A rotary boiler at the Sugar River Paper Mill, near Claremont, N. H., exploded, killing Warren E. Whitney, a machine tender. Loss to property, $20,000.

The Illinois Senate has adopted a resolution that the Government should demand a speedy trial or the unconditional release of the American citizens now confined in British prisons as suspects.

In an encounter between H. C. Chilson, route agent, and the colored mail carrier at Asheville, N. C., the latter seized a club and struck Chilson a fearful blow endangering his life, and then flew.

James Coleman, colored, aged 12 years, a bootblack, at Baltimore, was sentenced to two years in the House of Reform for Colored Children for having robbed letter boxes of the Baltimore post office.

Hon. William Smith, ex-Governor of Virginia, known as "Extra Billy," now in his 85th year, at Baltimore addressed the Maryland State Temperance Alliance, speaking an hour and a half.

Captain Lindquist, of the steamer Elysia (Anchor Line), was arrested at New York on the charge of bringing 207 more passengers to this country on his vessel than allowed by law. He gave bail to answer.

Edwin R. Prescott, who murdered his mother-in-law (Mrs. Philemon R. Russell) at West Somerville, Mass., was arraigned and committed to jail to await the further action of the authorities.

Four Swedes and two Finlanders whose names are unknown (five of whom were employed on the West Shore Railroad), put off in a small rowboat at Poughkeepsie, N. Y., to go across the river when four of them were drowned.

The Senate amendment to the tax bill passed by the Virginia House of Delegates fixing the rate on real and personal property at 40 cents on the $100 was concurred in.

In the Massachusetts Legislature the House refused to order to a third reading of the bill providing for Metropolitan police for Boston, and the new Police Commissioners of that city, Messrs. Jenks, Wales and Burleigh, took possession of their offices.

Republican Nominations in Oregon.

PORTLAND.—The Republican State Convention made the following nominations: Congressman, M. C. George; Governor, F. B. Moody; Secretary of State, R. E. Earhart; Treasurer, E. G. Hurnet; Superintendent of Public Instruction, E. M. McElroy; Supreme Judge, W. P. Lord; State Printer, W. H. Byers.

Public Hanging in Missouri.

ST. LOUIS.—The *Post-Dispatch* special from Rolla, Mo., says George Bohannon was executed there in the presence of several thousand people, who came to town from all the surrounding country. The saloons and public schools were closed by proclamation of the Mayor. Bohannon murdered William Hite in a drunken row August 5, 1881.

The Recent Missouri Cyclone.

SEDALIA, MO.—The following additional deaths by injuries from the Brownsville tornado are reported: Mrs. John Halpin, wife of the section foreman near Brownsville, and A. Starkey, a farmer, three miles northwest of Brownsville. The total number of deaths reported to date is eleven, and several others are believed to be fatally injured. The corpse of Edwin Arthur passed through this place on its way to Pittsburg.

Firm in the Face of Death.

NEW YORK.—William Sindram, the murderer of Mrs. Crane, was hanged in the City Prison. He passed the early part of the night in playing cards with the boy burglar and murderer, McGloin. After this he went to bed, and appeared to sleep soundly until after 6 o'clock. He ate a hearty breakfast, and manifested no emotion over his approaching fate. At 8.15 A. M. he was led out to execution, showing great firmness. There was a determined and set expression on his countenance. When the drop fell the body worked convulsively for several minutes. He died of strangulation.

The Indian Massacre in Arizona.

SAN FRANCISCO.—A dispatch from Tucson states that news from Safford says three prospectors were killed on Apache road. Their bodies were warm when the troops found them. There were ten Mexicans killed at Eagle Creek, including McMasters, his wife and children. An Indian herder, who was taken prisoner by Natze and Juh and escaped, says that Newland McMurran and party were all killed. A special from San Carlos says the Chiricahuas made a raid there after Loco's band and scooped everything before them, killing twenty persons. There were not sufficient troops to protect the place.

Sugar Planting on the Okeechobee Lands.

JACKSONVILLE, FLA.—Mr. Wood, a sugar planter in Cuba, employing 800 hands, is in this city. He has been examining into the capacity of Florida lands for the production of sugar, and is so well satisfied that he announces his determination of removing his entire plant to Florida as soon as the Okeechobee lands are ready for cultivation. He states that many Cuban planters are watching the drainage scheme with a view of changing their places to Florida. If it is successful they will thus avoid the enormous Cuban taxes as well as the duties now laid on sugar.

TRAIN ROBBERY FRUSTRATED.

The Engineer and Fireman Killed and an Express Messenger Wounded.

ST. LOUIS.—A dispatch from Kansas City says: A passenger from the West reports that an east-bound passenger train on the Atchison, Topeka and Santa Fe Railroad was ditched near Rincon, New Mexico, and that five heavily-armed men attempted to rob the express. The men entered the baggage car instead of the express car by mistake, and before they could rectify their error and get into the right car the trainmen and passengers appeared in such numbers that the robbers fled. The engine and the baggage and express cars were thrown from the tracks, the engineer and fireman were killed and the Well, Fargo & Co.'s messenger was badly wounded. The express car is supposed to have contained $200,000 in silver from the Arizona mines, bound for New York, and it is thought the would be robbers were informed of this fact by telegraph at Rincon and that they belong to a band of desparadoes that has been committing all kinds of depredations in New Mexico and Arizona for months past.

Foreign.

In the House of Commons Mr. Forster stated that the total number of arrests under the Coercion act up to Tuesday last was 918.

The return for the first quarter of 1882 shows that, exclusive of persons reinstated as care-takers or tenants, 734 families, consisting of 3892 persons were evicted in Ireland.

Reports About Haverley's Death.

LONDON, April 21st.—There is no truth in the report telegraphed from the United States that Mr. J. H. Haverly, the American stage manager, now in this country, is dead.

Temorary President of Peru.

PANAMA, April 12th.—Montero is now President of Peru protem, and has resigned all military authority. The Chilians are in a quandary now whether to treat with Montero or not.

MINISTER HURLBUT'S DEATH.

Talk of Poison—A Post-Mortem Examination and the Result.

PANAMA.—The last steamer from the south coast brought the news of the sudden death, on the morning of March 27th, of General Stephen A. Hurlburt, United States Minister Resident in Peru.

The Lima correspondent of the *Star and Herald* says that up to the morning of his death the deceased gentleman had been in the enjoyment of the best of health, and, while washing his face was suddenly seized with such intense pain in the region of the heart as compelled him to give vent to loud and agonizing cries. He was raised from the floor and placed upon a bed when he momentarily recovered consciousness, his first exclamation being: "God bless you all! I am dying! Oh my heart!" A few more disjointed phrases were all he uttered. A sharp convulsive shock ran through his body and in less than twenty minutes from the first attack he had ceased to exist.

The suddenness of the death of General Hurlbut gave rise to numerous rumors. It was asserted that he had died from the effects of poison administered by a political faction or by open or covert enemies of the line of action he had adopted. The stories were of such an extravagant form that the authorities considered it their duty to recommend that a post-mortem examination should be held.

The family were strongly opposed to any examination taking place, since all were thoroughly satisfied as to the cause of death, but public reasons were urged upon them by their friends and finally Mrs. Hurlbut reluctantly gave her consent. The examination took place yesterday in the presence of ten surgeons of different nationalities. Drs. Schofield and Baldwin, of the Pensacola, performed the operation, being assisted by the others. It was most carefully executed, and almost all present agreed in declaring that death had arisen from aneurism of the heart. One or two, however, expressed a wish that the contents of the stomach should be analyzed, and as this request could not be refused, although believed it unnecessary, it was determined to transmit a portion of the contents to Doctor Roimonde for analysis. When this determination was arrived at Doctors Schofield and Baldwin considered it their duty to adopt a like precaution, although perfectly satisfied that death had arisen from natural causes, and consequently a sealed jar leaves for New York per to-morrow's steamer foranalysis there.

WASHINGTON.

Mr. Blaine's remark that he expected to be in Europe on Decoration day has been considered a good foundation for the rumor that he will succeed Minister Lowell at the Court of St. James.

The resolution of Mr. Vance for the appointment of three Senators to investigate charges and complaints against internal revenue officials in the Sixth collection district of North Carolina, with power to compel attendance of witnesses, etc., was yesterday adopted by the Senate.

Speaker Keifer laid before the House yesterday a communication from the Secretary of State in response to a request from Foreign Affairs Committee for information in regard to the East Florida claims, growing out of the treaty of 1819 between the United States and Spain, involving 212 claims, aggregating $1,199,868.58.

Fitz John Porter and the Cabinet.

WASHINGTON.—The Fitz John Porter case was again under consideration by the cabinet on a new petition from General Porter for relief from the sentence of the Court-martial. The petition was referred to the Secretary of War.

The Shipherd Investigation.

WASHINGTON.—The House Committee on Foreign Affairs decided that after Mr. Blaine's testimony is concluded the committee will examine Robert E. Randall, brother of Representative Randall, of Pennsylvania, and Mr. Bliss, of the firm of Morton, Bliss & Co., who have been subpœnaed to appear. There is a decided opinion among members of the committee that after hearing the gentlemen named the Shipherd investigation can be speedily terminated.

The Corwin Ordered to Cape Sardze.

WASHINGTON.—Secretary Folger today sent a telegraphic message to Lieutenant M. A. Healy, commanding the revenue steamer Corwin, at San Francisco, Cal., to proceed to Cape Sardze, Arctic Ocean, with his vessel, there communicate with Lieutenant Berry, U. S. N., and bring away officers and men of the burned United States steamer Rodgers and convey them to St. Michael's Ounalaska, or Sitka, as may be most judicious. The Corwin will probably start on Monday.

Democratic Campaign Finance Committee.

WASHINGTON.—The Board of Control of the Democratic Congressional Campaign Committee has appointed the following Finance Committee: Hon. H. G. Davis, of West Virginia, Chairman; W. W. Corcoran, of Washington, D. C.; August Belmont, of New York; Augustus Schell, of New York; C. W. Price, of Ohio; George T. Maryee, of California; Hon. J. E. McDonald, of Indiana; Hon. M. N. Nolan, of New York; H. E. Packer, of Pennsylvania; William R. Travers, of New York; General W. B. Franklin, of Connecticut; J. L. D. Morrison, of Missouri; L. G. Garetson, of New York; Hon. Alex. Mitchell, of Wisconsin; Hon. Lewis Beach, A. J. Vanderpool and Hon. Abram S. Hewitt, of New York; J. W. Singleton, of Illinois, and J. S. Barber, of Virginia. Representative Philip B. Thompson, of Kentucky, has been added to the Board of Control and selected as its Secretary.

AGAINST THE CHINESE

IMMIGRATION TO BE SUSPENDED FOR TEN YEARS.

The House of Representatives Passes Another Anti-Chinese Bill by 201 Yeas to 31 Nays.

WASHINGTON.—Mr. Page, of California, under instructions from the Committee on Education and Labor, moved in the House to-day to suspend the rules, and put upon its passage the Anti-Chinese Bill, with the ten-years period of suspension of immigration.

A skirmish of debate followed and after another scene of confusion, incident upon another attempt of the opponents of the measure to be heard, the rules were suspended and the bill —yeas, 201; nays, 37—as follows:

Year—Messrs. Aiken, Aldrich, Anderson, Armfield, Atkins, Bayne, Beach, Belford, Berry, Bingham, Blackburn, Blanchard, Bland, Blount, Buchanan, Buckner, Burrows of Michigan, Burrows of Missouri, Butterworth, Cabell, Caldwell, Calkins, Camp, Campbell, Cannon, Carlisle, Cassidy, Caswell, Chase, Chalmers, Chapman, Clardy, Clark, Clements, Cobb, Coleric, Converse Cook, Cox of New York, Covington, Cravens, Culberson, Cullin, Curtin, Darrell, Davidson, Davis of Illinois, Davis, of Missouri, Demotte, Deuster, Dezzendorf, Dibble, Dibrell, Dowd, Dunnell, Ermentrout, Everett, Evins, Farwell of Illinois, Finley, Fisher, Flower, Ford, Forney, Fulkerson, Geddes, George, Gibson, Guenther, Gunter, Hammond Georgia, Hardy, Harmer, Harris of New Jersey, Hazeltine, Haskell, Hatch, Hawk, Hazelton, Hellman, Herbert, Herndon, Hewitt of New York, Hewitt of North Carolina, Hill Hiscock, Hoblitzell, Hoge, Holman, Horr, Houk, House, Hubbs, Hutchins, Jacobs Jadwin, Jones of Texas, Jones of Arkansas, Jones of New Jersey, Jorgensen, Kasson, Kelly, Kenna, Ketcham, Klotz, Knott, Lacey, Ladd, Latham, Leedom, Lefevre, Lewis, Lord, Manning, Marsh, Mason, Matson, McClure, McCook, McKenzie, McKinley, McLane, Miles, Miller, Money, Morey, Morrison, Mosgrove, Moulton, Muldrow, Murch, Neal, Nolan, Oates, O'Neill, Pacheco, Page, Paul, Payson, Peelle, Pierce, Phelps, Pound, Prescott, Randall, Reagan, Reed, Rice of Missouri, Rice Robertson, Robeson, Robinson of Massachusetts, Robinson of Ohio, Robinson of New York, Rosecrans, Ross, Russell, Ryan, Scranton, Shackelford, Shallenberger, Shelly, Sherwin, Simonton, Singleton of Mississippi, Smith, of Pennsylvania, of Illinois, Smith of New York, Sparks, Spaulding, Speer, Spooner, Springer, Steele, Strait, Talbot, Tillman, Townsend, Townshend, Turner of Georgia, Turner of Kentucky, Tyler, Updegraff of Ohio, Upson, Urner, Valentine, Vance, Vanhorn, Waite, Warner, Webber, Wellborne, West, Wheeler, White, Whitthorne, Williams of Alabama, Willis, Willits, Wise of Virginia and Wise of Pennsylvania—201.

Nays—Messrs. Bewman, Bragg, Briggs, Buck, Carpenter, Crapo, Dawes, Deering, Dingley, Dwight, Farwell of Iowa, Grout, Hall, Hammond of New York, Hardenberg Humphrey, Joyce, McCaid, Moore, Morse, Norcros, Orth, Parker, Ranney, Ray, Rice of Ohio, Rice of Massachusetts, Ritchie, Skinner, Schultz, Stone, Thompson of Iowa, Van Aernam, Van Voorhis, Wadsworth, Ward, and Williams of Wisconsin—37.

The House then adjourned, after having been for an hour and a half in a state of extreme turmoil and confusion.

All philosopy lies in two words—"sustain" and "abstain."

The Choicest Gems of Purest Ray Serene.

To most men experience is like the stern lights of a ship, which illumine only the track it has passed.—*Coleridge.*

The loviest faces are to be seen at moonlight, when one sees half with the eye and half with the fancy.—*Boyee.*

Be thou the rainbow to the storms of life! the evening beam that smiles the clouds away and tints to-morrow with prophetic ray!—*Byron.*

Utopia.

Your lo sy loon, if dainty pigeons
Up to his mouth well roasted flew,
He would not taste them, no, not he,
Unless well carved and served up, too!
—*Blackwood's Magazine*

Aglaia.

The tamarisks bow'd their heads, compell'd
By no ungentle force;
The breeze a sunny fragrance held,
Mingled of sea and gorse;
And on the turf the daisies shone;
The heaving turf's desire
Was plainly to be trodden on;
The daisies were on fire
For something far more pure and warm
Than they; and on them there
I for a moment, saw thy form
Rise in the happy air.
—*The Spectator.*

Misfortunes, in fine, can not be avoided; but they can be sweetened, if not overcome, and our lives made happy by philosophy.—*Seneca.*

We are surrounded by abysses, but the greatest of all depths is in our own heart, and an irresistible leaning leads us there. Draw thyself from thyself.—*Goethe.*

To vilify a great man is the readiest way in which a little man can himself attain greatness. The crab might never have become a constellation but for the courage evinced in nibbling Hercules on the heel.—*Poe.*

About Crows.

Professor Linden said a good word the other day at Buffalo for that much persecuted bird, the common crow (*Corvus Americanus*). The crow of America belongs to a scattered family of about 200 species, including among them the buzzard, jay, raven and magpie. Of the genus proper to which the crow belongs, seven examples are found in the United States, the great black raven being at the head. In the wilderness abut 100 miles from Buffalo, on the shores of Lake Ontario, ravens were found. Their nests were so secluded as rarely to be discovered. So wary were the birds that Mr. Linden had found it impossible to obtain a specimen. They were reported more abundant on the Canada shore of Lake Ontario, but it was impossible to procure a specimen even there, though a liberal reward had been offered. The crow was only preserved from annihilation by its great cunning. Even in captivity the bird displays a degree of sagacity which almost resembles human intelligence. Mr. Linden admitted that the crow could hardly be called a sweet singer; still when tamed he made a very interesting pet. On the whole, he might safely be set down as a useful bird and a real friend of the farmer. He eats large quantities of noxious insects, and though he has a bad habit of pulling up young tender shoots of grain, it was a question whether the damage was not more than compensated by the number of larvæ of beetles thus brought to light and devoured.

Talking Birds.

Parrots, starlings, and jackdaws are not the only birds that "talk." Birds not possessed of native powers of melody are usually gifted with very varied abilities of articulation. hooded crow, for instance, can produce an astonishing variety of complex noises from his throat, and his talents only lack cultivation to enable him to give utterance to words; but his natural language is the very reverse of melodious, and cannot in any sense be considered as a "song." I have known a hooded crow to say "Papa!" with great correctness, and what is more remarkable, he invariably applied the name to its proper owner—not the hoodie's papa, but his master's. The starling talks very roughly, indeed, to his fellows, but he is one of the best mimics we have, imitating the notes of other birds, and even the human voice, with great accuracy. Magpies also can be taught to articulate with a tolerable degree of accuracy. The mocking-bird, too, so well known in some parts of the United States, has no natural melody of his own, but he contrives to copy in a most faithful manner the songs of nearly all his feathered neighbors.

But it is a little surprising to find that the canary, so superbly endowed by nature with musical taste and skill, will condescend on occasion to imitate the unmelodious tones of the human voice, although the fact that he does so is beyond dispute. A correspondent of "Land and Water" mentions a canary owned by a lady residing in Saltford, near Bath, which was able to pronounce several words with remarkable distinctness. At the conclusion of its song the bird nearly always said, "Kiss, kiss, Miss Lizzie, kiss, kiss!"—Miss Lizzie being the daughter of its owner; and, after repeating the words more than once, a new song was begun. It seems that these words were acquired several years ago, when the bird was quite young, and during the moulting season, when its natural song would be discontinued.

Curiously enough, the only cases I have known of talking canaries have occurred in the West of England, but I am not able to draw any conclusion of value from that circumstance. It may be a mere coincidence, or there may possibly be a certain family of canaries settled in the west country whose peculiar gift it is to imitate, with a fair amount of accuracy, the various intonations of the human voice. A canary which was owned by a lady in Weston-super-Mare was accustomed to hear its mistress, an invalid, say, on conclusion of its song, "Oh, beauty, beauty! Sing that again!" These words the bird picked up, and was soon able to repeat, but its education made no further progress, and no additional words were acquired. The short sentence, as in the case of the Saltford bird, was never uttered save after a brilliant burst of song.

It is wholly incorrect to suppose that no *meaning* is ever attached by talking birds to such words or short sentences as they may be able to pronounce. The well-known case of the Edinburgh parrot, whose singular accomplishments have been already noticed in more than one periodical, has settled this question once and for ever. So far was this clever bird above "mere parrot talk" that he rarely spoke a word which had not direct relation to surrounding objects or events. A strange dog introduced into the room was greeted with loud cries of "Put him out! Put him out! I'm so frightened!" Clergymen attending his numerous levees were politely requested to "Gie oot the Psalm!" and, as this by itself would never somewhat of habitual irreverence on Poll's part, it is only fair to add that he was very particular at meal-times in telling the assembled family to "Say grace first!"—*Leisure Hours.*

The Ignorance of Amateur Collectors.

Mr. Tuer records some curious anecdotes of the exaggerated value set upon Bartolozzi's engravings by certain persons. One of his correspondents had a set of the "Elements" and an historical print, all in fair condition, but cut close, which the proprietor supposed to be worth about £700 or £800 apiece. Before, however, even this sum was accepted, Messrs. Christie were to be asked to value the prints, in case they might be worth still more. This is ignorance of one sort. Here is ignorance of another sort. A lady took a print out of a frame, folded it up in a letter, and asked for an opinion as to its value, explaining that she prized it highly because it had descended to her from her grandmother. Two anecdotes given by Mr. Tuer, showing the cruel damage done by the ignorant wealthy we will transfer to our pages:

An amateur, wishing to illustrate a book with a head of the Virgin Mary, bought of one of our largest print dealers a proof worth about £60 of Muller's "Madonna di San Sisto," after Raffaelle. When he had paid for it, he calmly proceeded in the presence of the astonished dealer to cut out the head of the Madonna with a penknife, saying he did not want the remaining portion of the print, which he left behind. Some years afterward the amateur died, and his effects were sold at Christie's; amongst them was the small book containing the head of the Madonna, which the print-dealer bought at the sale for a mere trifle. The head was carefully removed from the book, and sent, together with the remaining portion of the print, to the restorer, who inlaid it so well that it appeared uninjured.

The next instance is still worse:—

A nobleman, now living, commissioned a print-dealer some five years ago to make a collection of fine prints, principally fancy subjects after Sir Joshua Reynolds, for which, as might be expected, he gave long prices. When he thought he had accumulated sufficient for his purpose he had his treasures cut out into various shapes to fit harmoniously, as he thought, one into the other, and mounted, brilliantly varnished over, on a three-leaved screen; but when the work was finished he did not like the appearance, so forthwith had the prints carefully taken off, and the varnish removed, for placing in a scrap-book.

The Fortune of the Barings.

The Brothers whom Cardinal Richelieu called One of the Six Powers of Europe.

The Barings have been among the most famous of English bankers. They are of German stock. There is a kind of ecclesiastical flavor about them. Their English founder was a Bremen pastor, who settled in this country. His grandson married the niece of an English Archbishop. One of his descendants became Bishop of Durham. The money was originally made in the rich, profitable clothing business in the west of England. Ashburton gave a title in the peerage to the chief of the house of Baring. It has been a rule in the house that when any one of them has got a title he goes out of the business. Sir Francis Baring, the first great banker, who, dying in 1810, left a fortune of two millions, had three sons—Thomas, Alexander and Henry. Thomas succeeding to the baronetcy, gave up the business. Henry had a rather romantic reputation as a lucky gambler, who was frequently able to break the bank of a gambling table. He was the amazement of beholders when he would sit down at a gambling table at the Palais Royal—before such tables were happily abolished—with piles of gold and notes before him. The reputation of a successful gambler was hardly suited to the intense respectability of the firm, and Mr. Henry was induced to retire from the business. Alexander Baring, often known as "Alexander the Great," sustained and extended the fortunes of the house. He went to America, and there the richest banker in England married the daughter of the richest citizen of the United States. One of his gigantic transactions possesses a historical importance. After the conclusion of the great European war he paid down a sum of $1,000,000, by which France was freed from the occupation of Russian, Austrian and German armies. "There are six great powers in Europe," said the Duc de Richelieu—"England, France, Russia, Austria, Prussia and Baring Brothers." In 1835 he was made Lord Ashburton. Two of his sons held the title, and each successfully retired from the business. The head of the firm, Thomas Baring, became Chancellor of the Exchequer in Lord Melbourne's ministry, and another member, Lord Northbrook, has been Governor-General of India.

Coming Back.

Up in a city garret, on a hot June day, a weary woman leaned back in her chair, and pressed her fingers against the eyes that refused longer to see the stitches in the shop-work over which she had toiled from day-break till now four o'clock in the afternoon.

From the street far below her, a voice had only that moment soared upward, calling, "Strawberr-ees! ripe, red, strawberr-ees!"

And, as if by magic, her thoughts turning backward had carried her to Depdene, the home of her youth, and to a certain lovely June day in her sixteenth year, when she had stood in the strawberry pasture on the Blessing Farm, with the red berries perfuming the air, and said the words which severed her fate from that of Maurice Blessing, and made her life what it was on this day, almost hopeless and a ceaseless struggle for bread won at the needle's point.

How it all rose up before her! The green pasture sloping upward to the darker green woods, whose tops seemed to touch the deep blue sky, sloping downward to the gray stone wall, with the cold spring leaping out through a wooden trough among its lower stones.

And below the wall—"the thirty-acre mowing" spread out like an immense emerald velvet carpet, with the two-story cream colored house lifting its piazzaed front at the extreme end just where the shaded lane began, and led from the Blessing farm out into the village road.

"She, the poor orphan girl, had been offered this comfortable home; and she had refused it—for what? For a dream of fame which had left her toiling in this hot garret while in the black trunk yonder, the book which was to have made her fortune, refused by one publisher after another, was lying till she could find courage to thrust it into the fire.

"Scarcely two years!" she sighed, rocking herself to and fro. "And Maurice has sold his old farm and gone to Colorado, and I am here, lonely, disappointed, old before my time. Oh, if I could only live that day over again and be as wise as I am now! For now I know that I love him—now, when it is forever too late!"

Sickening with a sort of calenture among these hot city streets for one glimpse of her early home, Hester May rose and went to the desk where her worldly wealth was stored.

By the closest economy, she had managed to lay aside a few dollars, for the gloomy purpose of paying the expense of her own sickness and death, when the time should come for her to die among strangers.

From this sacred hoard she counted out a sum sufficient to take her to Depdene.

"I will stay only one day," she thought. "And will work all the harder after I return, to make up this sum again. But see Depdene, now that it is fairly in my mind, I must! And now I will take one more look at the dear old farm before it is in the hands of strangers, and so altered that I shall not know it."

The next day saw her on her way.

The two years of her absence had been years of change to the little country village.

A railway wisked across the hill-road from Torrington. Once she would have made the journey in a yellow "stage" drawn by four horses, with John Colney the crossest and most disagreeable of earthly stage drivers, on the box.

The village, too, was smartened and freshened up—new houses, new fences, a new iron fence around the small oval park that graced the centre of the town; new names above the gilded fronts of the shops; a new set of giggling misses, on their way to the new brown stone Academy, which stood where she had once thought it an honor to attend the district school, in a plain one story structure of faded brick.

No doubt all these alterations were for the better; but they made her heart ache with a sense of loss unspeakable.

And she turned into the shaded lane that led only to the Blessing Farm, dreading to see the old home desecrated by the stranger's hand.

No; there it stood, as she had always known it—the very picture of home comfort, the centre of all those modest luxuries that a well-to-do farmer of all other men most easily commands.

But although the dear old house was unchanged, its inmates were new and strange to her. A stout, middle-aged man, in a white summer suit, with a broad brimmed hat and cigar, sat on the steps of the piazza, reading a newspaper. A fashionably dressed lady, some years his junior, swung in a hammock upon the lawn, lost in a novel.

Several children, in broad-brimmed hats and brown Holland blouses, were making the lives of two nurses a burden to them further down the lawn, among the elm trees, where a swing had hung from time immemorial.

"City" was stamped on every face and figure that she saw.

Had Maurice sold his place to some retired merchant, who would over-ornament and disfigure it in the modern villa style?

"If one could live their lives over after they grow older and are taught by experience what is best for them!" thought Hester in her sadness, once more.

She would have gone up to the house and asked leave to rest and look around if it had remained in the care of old Farmer Williams and his wife, the tenants of the upper farm.

But she could not face those prosperous, happy "city people," who would look at her with their coldly curious eyes and wonder, almost audibly, "what she could want," even if they did not absolutely mistake her for a "tramp."

"I wish I could have gone through the strawberry pasture once more," she thought, as she turned back toward the railway station, tired, hungry and unrefreshed.

At the foot of the lane a gentleman, in a summer suit of silver-gray, stood leaning against the bars, with his straw hat drawn down over his eyes so far that he failed to see the stranger's silent approach.

"Will you let me pass, if you please?" said Hester, at last, after waiting some moments.

He wheeled round, as if she had struck him, and stared doubtingly in her face.

She uttered a great cry.

"Maurice! Maurice! I heard that you had sold the farm and gone to Colorado."

"Hester! Can this be you?" he answered.

His eyes seemed to devour her. Words rose to his lips and were forced back again. At last he asked:

"Is your husband here with you, Hester?"

"My husband!"

"Why, yes! I heard that you were married very soon after you went to the city!"

"You heard wrong, Maurice. I have not been married. I have never even thought of such a thing."

"But why did you go, then, Hester? Why did you leave Depdene? Why did you refuse to marry me, if—if there was no one else in the way?"

Poor Hester!

She thought of the hot city garrett, of the dream of fame that had never been realized, of the unlucky book that was lying in the black trunk, of the little burial board so hardly earned and saved.

The tears came quickly to her eyes, obscuring the honest, handsome face on which she gazed.

"Don't cry, Hester," said Maurice Blessing, taking her hand. "And tell me why you would not marry me, dear?"

"Because I was a fool!" sobbed Hester.

"Is the folly ended?" asked Maurice, hiding a smile as he bent over her. "Can you give me a different answer, now, Hester? If you can, we will be just the happiest pair on earth, here on the dear old farm."

"But you sold it and went to Colorado," said Hester, wonderingly, "at least I heard so."

"I was a fool, too, Hester; for I went to Colorado, and I was quite ready to sell. But my brother-in-law, from the city, persuaded me to rent it to him for one year, till I had time to think the matter over. When I came to my senses—although I had not forgotten you, darling—I was very glad that the poor old place was mine still, and I came back some six weeks ago, to see it. My sister and her husband and family go back to the city next week, stopping at the mountains on their way. I shall be left alone, with good Mrs. Williams for my housekeeper, and her husband as head hired man—just as I was before. Hester won't you take pity on me, and come and share my home? I have never cared for any one but you."

I do not know in what words Hester answered him. But I see her daily in the cream-colored farmhouse, the very model of an active, bustling, good tempered farmer's wife.

As for the book, she has utterly forgotten it. She needs its recompense no longer, and she is far too happy to care or wish for fame.

An Eccentric Vistor.

A Man who Proposed to Institute a New School of Philosophy.

"Are you busy?" asked the city editor. "Always have time to hear long stories, particularly those in which Sim and John figure, and where Ike, the neighborhood wit, tells how he came to town and cheated a Hebrew gentleman who swore that he wouldn't sell the coat for less than $10, but who finally let Ike have the garment for 75 cents and a promise to call again."

The man was bored. He put his elbows on the table and looked scrowful. "I am the author of a new school of philosophy," he said, "but I have found no disciples. The world is too rapid. The present becomes the past before I can make any one understand me. When I explain myself you may consider me insane."

"When did you kill him?"

"I have killed no one."

"Then you are not insane."

"Since the days of Chaucer there have been a great many eminent men in the world. From that time until the present day a great many children have died before they arrived at the age of ten years. Now, sir, I have taken up the belief that if all the people who have lived had died, and if all the children that died had lived, the world would have had its Shakespeare, its Bacon, its Newton and its Napoleon."

"How about Oscar Wilde?"

"I say that the world would have been just as well off. We might not have had the railroad, for invention is an accident, but we would have had something just as complete. America would have been built—"

"And would the jury have brought in a verdict of guilty as indicated?"

"I say that nothing would be lost. Now, the souls of these children that died young. What became of them? At what time, I ask, does the soul enter the body? Can't answer? Are infant Shakespeares to be raised up at the resurrection? Will they continue the process of teething, and will their mothers walk around with them? At what time, I ask, sir, will the body arise? In what shape? Will it be young, or will it arise with wrinkles of age on its brows? Can the man who has been eaten by cannibals arise?"

"Wait, I'll be back in a minute," and the city editor went back and requested the foreman to help him eject a crazy man. When he returned he found that the man had stolen his pipe and a new book, The Three Links of Sausage; or, "The Spoiled Venison Ham."

It is the right day that brings forth the adder, and that craves wary walking.—*Shakespeare.*

The fire-fly only shines when on the wing; and so it is with the mind; when once we rest we darken.—*Bailey.*

Is there ever a hard question in morals, that children do not drive straight at in their wide questioning?

WESTMINSTER ABBEY.

Rough was the winter eve;
Their craft the fishers leave,
And down o'er the Thames she darkness drew.
One still lags laste, and turns, and eyes the Pile,
Hugs in the gloom, across in Thorney Isle,
King Sebert's work, the wondrous Minster new.

—'Tis Lambeth now, where then
They moor'd their boats among the tulrush stems;
And that new minster in the matted fen,
The world-famed Abbey by the westering Thames.

His mates are gone, and he
For mist can hardly see
A strange wayfarer coming to his side,
Who bade him loose his boat, and fix his oar,
And row him straightway to the further shore,
And wait while he did there a space abide.
The fisher awed obeys,
That voice had note so clear of sweet command:
Through pouring tide he pulls and drizzling haze,
And sets his freight ashore on Thorney strand.

The minster's outlined mass
Rose dim from the morass,
And thitherward the stranger took his way.
Lo, on a sudden all the Pile is bright!
Nave, choir and transept glorified with light
While tongues of fire on colgn and carving play!
And heavenly odors fair
Come streaming with the floods of glory in,
And carols float along the happy air
As if the reign of joy did now begin.

Then all again is dark.
And by the fisher's bark
The unknown passenger returning stands,
—O Saxon fisher! thou hast had with thee
The fisher from the Lake of Galilee,
So saith he, blessing him with outstretched hands;
Then fades, but speaks the while:
At dawn thou to King Sebert shalt relate
How his Saint Peter's Church in Thorney Isle
Peter, his friend, with light did consecrate.
MATTHEW ARNOLD.

Heart Offerings

The light dispels our mourning dreams,
Dissolves our castles in the air,
Whose turrets seemed to reach the skies,
So beautiful and fair.
Still may the wildwood yield a shade,
The desert hold a spring,
Whose limpid waters in our need
May rest and solace bring.
—MRS. JERNINGHAM.

The slinted branches of the tree,
If lopped with care a strength may give
By which the rest may bloom and live.
—BYRON.

Love comes and tarries,
Love the load carries,
When love with love marries,
Only for Love.
—O. W. BUNGAY.

Day is a snow-white dove of heaven,
That from the east glad message brings;
Night is a stealthy, evil raven,
Wrapt to the eyes in his black wings.
—T. B. ALDRICH.

Man is but half without woman; and
As do idolators their heavenly gods,
We defy the things that we adore.
—FESTUS.

Still panting o'er the crowd to reign,
More joy it gives a woman's breast,
To make ten frigid coxcombs vain,
Than one true manly lover's breast.
—MOORE.

Charming woman can true converts make
We love the precepts for the teacher's sake:
Virtue in her appears so bright and gay,
We hear with pleasure and with pride obey.
—FRANKLIN.

Naught can to peace the busy woman charm;
And, if she can't do good, she must do harm.
—LAMB.

Everywhere some dear temptation
Holds allurements fair and new;
Safe a little child doth lead him,
All the perilous pathway through.
Evermore his spirit sees her,
Be it early, be it late—
Still the little, dear child daughter,
Molly, waiting by the gate.
MARY CLEMMER.

Misunderstandings are far more difficult things than people imagine, in love or in friendship.

He that does good for good's sake seeks neither praise nor reward though sure of both at last.

Blessings often fall to reach us through the wall of circumstances with which we have surrounded our lives.

GOWNS FOR LITTLE GIRLS.

Pretty Designs in Various Fabrics and Any Number of Shades.

The openings of the principal houses exhibit the most elaborate dresses for children. An exquisite dress of shell pink faille and brocade in thistle pattern is made for a child of ten with full paniers and ruffles on skirt. Cinnamon, terra cotta and olive is one of the odd esthetic combinations of color used this season. Rich collars and cuffs of lace finish these dresses. Nainsook dresses are made in Mother Hubbard style. They are shirred at the neck, at the bottom of the yoke and below the waist, where a deep ruffle of embroidery joins the waist. The lace dresses are made in French Princess style of fine insertions and edgings of Valenciennes lace or of India muslin and Irish point lace, or the sheer embroidery, which is made in the patterns of lace. The most popular style for cambric or gingham dresses is a combination of the French guimpe and the Mother Hubbard fashions. The yoke and sleeves of this dress are of sheer white nainsook trimmed with embroidery. The rest of the dress is of cambric, shirred on to the yoke in Mother Hubbard fashion. Quaint little puffs decorate the shoulders.

Dresses of soft Cheviot wool or flannel are used for early spring and cool days throughout the summer. These are in Princess style, in a variety of designs. Army blue, in Cayenne pepper mixtures, cool stone grays or drabs, with an under surface of gay color are a pretty choice. Picturesque frocks in old English style are of olive, dark terra cotta red, peacock or real brown flannel.

Kicked to Death by an Ostrich.

Ostrich-farming is not without its dangers, as many a man has learned to his cost when sauntering among a flock of these birds without taking the necessary precautions against a sudden onslaught from a vicious member of the herd, but it is not often that we hear of a man being actually kicked to death by an ostrich. Such a fatality occurred recently in the district of Victoria West, Cape Colony. The bird had strayed on to the public highway, and disputed the progress of the unfortunate man to such purpose that he was kicked and trampled to death

THE OLD FAMILIAR FACES

I have had playmates, I have had companions,
In my days of childhood, in my joyful school days,
All, all are gone, the old familiar faces.

I have been laughing, I have been carousing,
Drinking late, sitting late, with my bosom cronies;
All, all are gone, the old familiar faces.

I loved a love once, fairest among women;
Closed are her doors on me, I must not see her—
All, all are gone, the old familiar faces.

I have a friend, a kinder friend has no man;
Like an inmate I left my friend abruptly;
Left him to muse on the old familiar faces.

Ghost-like I paced round the haunts of my childhood.
Earth seemed a desert I was bound to traverse,
Seeking to find the old familiar faces.

Friend of my bosom, more than a brother,
Why were thou not born in my father's dwelling?
So might we talk of the old familiar faces.

How soon they have died, and some they have left me,
And some are taken from me; all are departed;
All, all are gone, the old familiar faces.

CHARLES LAMB.

The Pottery Exhibition.

An Allegory.

The level rays of an afternoon sun were slanting through the long windows of a room in the Pottery where the finished work was placed. The morrow would be "Exhibition Day," when this work was to be sent out into the great busy world.

At first thought it would seem that the exhibition must have been held down in the dark basement of the building, where the fresh clay awaited the potter's forming hand, but even that was not the clay's starting-point. It is not easy to reach back to the beginnings of things.

From the darkness up to the light of this perfect pure day, there had been a long process of washing and grinding, while a powerful magnetic influence had been brought to bear upon the mass, in order to remove the heavy unyielding iron, which, if suffered to remain would certainly produce flaws in the finished work.

The kneading and the shaping had been laborious and painstaking, else no perfect result need be expected. After that the trial period had come, when each separate vessel must be subjected to the refining and strengthening influence of fire; else would the frail clay never be able to stand and endure. Sometimes, even with the utmost care, a flaw will show itself in a hitherto unsuspected place whose unsoundness had been proved by the fire test, and, as in the ancient time, not every finished vessel could justly be marked, "*sine cera*."

But here, finally, that work was gathered in goodly array, with the soft sunlight bathing it in its glory.

It did not seem at all out of keeping with either the place or its occupants, when a voice was heard from a large, richly adorned vase, placed upon a shelf is a conspicuous light, saying:—

"Well, friends, to-morrow we must separate. Before parting, let us have a little talk about our several vocations. For my part, I do not expect to have much labor to perform. I shall, most likely, adorn a stately niche in the house of a millionaire, who will place me there because I am able to make his home shine by the lustre of my family name, as well as my beauty."

A tiny Parian vase in her shadow, softly said:—

"I can only hold a rosebud, or a spray of lilies of the valley for a sick child."

"And I," sighed her neighbor, a little candlestick, "can only bear a taper."

"Well," spoke up a neat china tea set, with a satisfied air; "I am not ambitious, and think the Nicnols vase will find her life somewhat monotonous, although it may suit *her*.—But I prefer a home just large enough for two—a bright little table, with a loving little lady pouring tea for a most devoted lord. I would be careful to keep my sugar bowl always well filled, and strive to confine all acidity and sharpness to the family vinegar cruse and mustard pot."

"Altogether too tame a life for me, I should say," observed an æsthetic plaque, whereon figured a meditative stork, poised on one leg amid a wilderness of cat tails. "I never could have endured all that polishing and painting and burning, but for the hope of being raised above beings of a coarser clay, to shine with kindred spirits. I have *aspirations*."

"So have I," quoth a quiet looking dinner set of serviceable thickness, and yet of genteel form. "I am happy to do duty in quite another capacity. I shall work a reform in domestic life. My powers of endurance are great indeed, and, I hope, will prove sufficient to withstand the rough usage of servants, without detriment to my temper. I shall seldom be out of employment. I shall help to settle the ever recurring question of 'What shall we eat?' while my attractive appearance will tend to add sweetness to the daily bread, and make me a blessing to large families and tired housewives."

An earthen water filter spoke here:—"I hope to be a public benefactor. It shall be my privilege to return the life giving water which I have received in a purer substance, in which may be quenched the fever and thirst of the world."

His relative, an unpretending pitcher, followed:—"In this work I will be your right hand. While your position compels you to remain at home, it shall be my joy to bear that which I receive from you to those who reap and glean in the harvest fields. So shall we together minister to those who are bearing the burden and the heat of the day, and help to bring the harvest home with shouting."

"Alas!" moaned a little flower pot, "I cannot even offer a drop of water to a thirsty child. I do not mean to complain, but I think the Master Workman made a sad mistake in my case, and that I alone of all these waiting ones, can never serve Him whom I should delight to honor."

"Not so," spake the low voice of the Master Workman himself, who, unperceived, had entered softly with his fellow-workmen, and had heard all the conversation. "Yours is a mission second to none in this assembly. You are to nurture a living flower, in the sunshine of the window of a room in which lies one sick unto death, and the seeming defect of which you complain, will serve to keep the soil in a healthy state, and stimulate the rootlets to send their questioning fibers down through the dark earth, to return in answers of lovely leaf and blossom. That is a work fit for an angel."

The little Parian vase shrank almost out of sight. If *she* were only a flower pot!

"Master," asked one of the workmen, reverently, "if a flower on its native stem cannot lift its head in the sunshine, without speaking of Him, the Maker, and, much more, when, severed from its root, it smiles by the bed of pain, telling still of a Father's loving care, shall the vase that holds it be accounted quite useless?"

"Nay, verily," was the answer; "they serve well who help to keep other lives blooming and fragrant."

The Parian vase was satisfied.

Tenderly the gaze of the Master rested upon the work of his hands. They were the clay, he the potter. His name was upon them all. Once more he spoke:—

"Go forth, and whatsoever work ye find to do, perform it well, for my sake, whose ye are. So shall ye be vessels of honor meet for the Master's use."

He raised his hand as if in blessing, his fellow-workmen bowed their heads, the last tender beam of evening light faded, and the vision vanished.

Scraps.

Influenza—Out flew comfort.

"Him!" said the disgusted politician of his opponent—"he couldn't beat a carpet."

Wisdom for April.—Never, never go out without your umbrella—or some other person's.

"I die content," said the fly in the baker's dough; "somebody will take me for a currant."

The ancient Egyptians did not use tobacco, and, mark you, the ancient Egyptians are dead.

The difference between a dandy and a tramp is only a difference in degree. One has his trousers tored, and the other has his trousers t'order.

Did it ever occur to you why a lawyer who is conducting a disputed will case is like a trapeze performer in a circus? Didn't? Well, it's because he flies through the heir with the greatest of fees.

An Irish priest once asked a milkman, who admitted that he filled his pail occasionally from the pump, "How do you know, Michael, when to stop watering?" "Begorra, your reverence, we go on watering till the customers cry out against it."

An elderly Scotchwoman went one day to an apothecary's shop with a prescription for two grains of calomel for a child. Seeing the druggist weigh the medicine with scrupulous exactness, and not thinking he did this from anxiety not to get an overdose, but from his penuriousness or desire to give as little as possible for the money, she said: "Dinna be sae mean wi' it, man. It's for a puir faitherless bairn."

Father and son were driving along in the neighborhood of Niagara Falls, when the child's face suddenly brightened and he exclaimed: "What a lovely place, papa! Whose is it?" "That is the country residence of a well-known hackman, my dear," said the old man. "And what a big ice-house he's got, papa!" "That isn't an ice-house; it's the vault where he keeps his diamonds." Then the lad settled down with a tired look as if he had heard something like that before, and resisted all temptation to talk further.

Aphoristic.

To be understood is twice one's self.

Love dies of satiety and is buried in oblivion.

Politeness is a wreath of flowers that adorns the world,

The homeliest task gets beautiful, if loving hands do them.

Where is the thief who cannot find bad when he hunts it?

Grief may bide an evening guest,
But joy shall come a morning guest.

A woman's dress is like the envelope of a letter; the cover is frequently an index to the contents.

Every strong, active bad man is systematically engaged in creating and sharpening the instrument of his own destruction.

He who reads much
Is a great observer, and looks
Quite through the deeds of men.

There may be as much coursge displayed in enduring with resignation the sufferings of the soul, as remaining firm under under the showers of shot from a battery.

Age is opportunity no less
Than youth itself, though in another dress,
And as the evening twilight fades away,
The sky is filled with stars invisible by day.

The Majesty of the Law.

There is a Justice of the Peace out in Crosby County. Week before last he found a man guilty of shooting a bull that did not belong to him, and fined him $75.

"Why, Jedge," said the doomed man, "I haven't got no $75; I can't pay no such fine."

"The State of Texas puts me in this office to find a way to make men pay their fines. You will cut cedar poles until you have cut enough to satisfy the majesty of the law," replied the Justice.

"But, Jedge, what use has the State of Texas got for cedar poles?"

"The State of Texas hasn't got no use for cedar poles. It's this court who needs them cedar poles to build a fence. I'll take the poles and settle with the State of Texas for them."

And the poor fellow is cutting cedar poles for the State of Texas now.

There are persons who do not know how to waste their time alone, and hence become the scourge of busy people.

Golden Grains from the Soul's Casket.

A rich knave's a libel on our laws.—*Young.*

No gentlemen will insult a gentleman and no other can.—*Washington.*

To keep your secret is wisdom; but to expect others to keep it is folly.—*Holmes.*

I could hardly feel much confidence in a man who had never been imposed upon.—*Hare.*

The World, and How to Use It.

Live with the world whose has nerve,
So make the world his purpose serve;
But, or you leave your lofty level
To do the world's vile command,
You were as well to let the devil
Keep all your gear in hand.

Prophets.

Who spouts his message to the wilderness
Lightens his soul, and feels one burden less;
But to the people preach, and you will find
They'll pay you back with thanks ill to your mind.

Monuments.

The marble bears his name and tells his story,
But you'll forgive me, if I hint the truth;
You gild the monument in honest sooth,
Not for his honor, but for your own glory.

I have learned by much observation that nothing will satisfy a patriot but a place.—*Junius.*

The higher we rise the more isolated we become; and all elevations are cold.—*De Bouffers.*

Life is a malady in which sleep soothes us every sixteen hours; it is a palliation; death is the remedy.—*Chamfort.*

Envy.

Envy must be; e'en let her feed her grudge!
Truth will shine out, when time shall be the judge;
'Tis an old use that hath been, and will be,
That where the sun his liberal light may throw
The heat comes with it and the grass will grow,

Youth.

Who may proud? The young! for why? the pride
Of life is theirs, and Time is on their side.

Divide et Impera.

Divide and rule, the politician cries;
Unite and lead, is watchword of the wise.

The Family Doctor.

For toothache, where a cavity exists, there are many remedies in common use, but, says an exchange, none seem to relieve as equal parts of hydrate of chloral and gum camphor rubbed together. Saturate a piece of cotton with the mixture and put it into the cavity of the tooth covering it with dry cotton. Care must be taken not to allow the remedy to come in contact with the inside of the mouth, as it may produce severe burning.

An exchange says: "Let any one who has an attack of lockjaw take a small quantity of turpentine, warm it and pour it on the wound, no matter where the wound is, and relief will follow in less than a minute. Nothing better can be applied to a severe cut or bruise than cold turpentine; it will give certain relief almost instantly. Turpentine is also a sovereign remedy for croup. Saturate a piece of flannel with it and place the flannel on the throat and chest, and in every case three or four drops on a lump of sugar may be taken inwardly."

Dr. Efrard, of Nimes, states that he has for many years treated all his cases of sciatic and neuralgic pains with an improvised apparatus, consisting merely of a flat-iron and vinegar, two things that will be found in every house. The iron is heated until sufficiently hot to vaporize the vinegar, and is then covered with some woolen fabric which is moistened with vinegar, and the apparatus is applied at once to the painful spot. The application may be repeated two or three times a day. Dr. Efrard states that, as a rule, the pain disappears in twenty-four hours, and recovery ensues at once.

Salt in Diphtheria.

In a paper read at the Medical Society of Victoria, Australia, Dr. Day stated that, having for many years regarded diphtheria, in its early stage, as a purely local affection, characterized by a marked tendency to take on putrefactive decomposition, he has trusted most to the free and constant application of antiseptics, and, when their employment has been adopted from the first, and been combined with judicious alimentation, he has seldom seen blood-poisoning ensue. In consequence of the great power which salt possesses in preventing the pretrefactive decompostion of meat and other organic matter, Dr. Day has often prescribed for diphtheritic patients living far away from medical aid the frequent use of a gargle composed of a teaspoonful or more of salt dissolved in a tumbler of water, giving children who cannot gargle a teaspoonful or two to drink occasionally. Adults to use the gargle as a prophylactic or preventive three or four times a day.

How Voltaire Cured the Decay of His Stomach.

In the "Memoirs of Count Segur" there is the following anecdote: "My mother, the Countess de Segur, being asked by Voltaire respecting her health" told him that the most painful feeling she had arose from the decay in her stomach and the difficulty of finding any kind of aliment that it could bear. Voltaire, by way of consolation, assured her that he was once for nearly a year in the same state, and believed to be incurable, but that, nevertheless, a very simple remedy had restored him. It consisted in taking no other nourishment than yelks of eggs beaten up with the flour of potatoes and water." Through this circumstance contained so extrabrdinary a person as Voltaire, it is astonishing how little it is known and how rarely the remedy has been practiced. Its efficacy, however, in cases of dibility, cannot be questioned, and the following is the mode of preparing this valuable article of food as recommended by Sir John Sinclair:—Beat up an egg in a bowl, and then add six table-spoonfuls of cold water, mixing the whole well together; then add two table-spoonfuls of farina of potatoes; let it be mixed thoroughly with the liquid in the bowl; then pour in as much boiling water as will convert the whole thing into a jelly, and mix it well. It may be taken alone or with the addition of a little milk in case of stomachic debility or consumptive disorders.—*Scientific American.*

Phrases About Women.

Wrinkles disfigure a woman less than ill-nature.—*Dupuy.*

Woman is an idol that man worships until he throws it down.

Women love always; when earth slips from them, they take refuge in heaven.

The whisper of a beautiful woman can be heard further than the loudest call of duty.

There is no torture that a would not suffer to enhance her beauty.

Of all things that man possesses women alone take pleasure in being possessed.

Before promising a woman to love only her, one should have seen them all, or should see only her.

We meet in society many beautiful and attractive women whom we think would make excellent wives—for our friends.

We censure the inconstancy of women when we are the victims; we find it charming when we are the objects.

The highest mark of esteem a woman can give a man is to ask his friendship; and the most signal proof of her indifference is to offer him hers.

At twenty man is less a lover of woman than of women; he is more in love with the sex than with the individual, however charming she may be.

Men are so fearful of wounding a woman's vanity that they rarely remember that she may by some possibility possess a grain of common sense.

Woman among savages is a beast of burden; in Asia she is a piece of furniture; in Europe she is a spoiled child.

It is not easy to be a widow; one must reassume all the modesty of girlhood, without being allowed to feign its ignorance.

Women of the world never use harsh expressions when condemning their rivals. Like the savage, they hurl elegant arrows ornamented with feathers of purple-and azure, but with poisened points.

Doctors say that the gout may be inherited. If any fellow were to leave us the gout, we should contest his will on the ground for insanity.

A national exhibition of mining, metallurgy, ceramics, and glass manufacture is to be held at Madrid, under the auspices of the Spanish Government, in May.

France expends $150,000 annually in the purchase of native horses in Algeria for cavalry purposes, besides awarding prizes to breeders and supporting studs.

The Fair Sex.

The Iowa legislature has wisely passed a bill providing that the state board of school examiners shall hereafter have a woman member.

Conjugal Amenities.—"Do you know in what month of the year my wife talks the least?" "Well, I suppose when she catches cold and loses her voice." "Not at all. It is in February." "Why is that?" "Because February has the fewest days."

Senator Sawyer, of Wisconsin, is both practical and affectionate. Calling his young daughters to him one morning, he asked them, as a testimony of their love for him, to learn to make their own clothes and to cook a good dinner. They promised, and not long after invited pa and ma and a few friends to dine with them. They cooked the dainty dinner, and wore handsome gowns made by themselves. The senator's pleasure thereat took form in the shape of a $25,000 check to each. A very top-Sawyer indeed to those maidens.

The regular annual meeting of the Massachusetts society for the promotion of the university education of women was held in Boston recently. The formal report declares that the success of the society's work is gratifying. State universities and many professional schools and colleges offer openly their advantages to women and the more conservative institutions are beginning to realize that the world does not stand still. The Massachusetts Institute of Technology last summer gave to two young women the degree of bachelor of science and it is known that similar institutions are willing to receive women.

If young women are not honest and wholesome clean through, and if young women will not train themselves to the finest and sturdiest womanhood possible to their nature; if they will not eat brown bread, and work in the garden—if they have one—with some more grip than a bird scratching, and quit readi g novels in a hot room, and devouring sweatmeats; if they dare not face the sun and wind, and try to outwalk, ay, and outrun their brothers, and let our wise mother, nature, buckle their belt—they had not better say, Amen, when the stalwart young husband cries, "Mercifully ordain that we may grow aged together."—*Robert Collyer.*

Women's Shoes.—Take the latest fashion of shoes. The heel of the human being projects outward, or rather backward, and gives steadiness to "the sure and certain step of man." But fashion has decided that the heel of the boot or shoe shall get as near the centre of the instep as possible. Instead of the weight of the body restupon an arch, in the modern fine lady it rests upon peg, with the toes in front, which have to prevent the body from toppling forward. Then the heel is so high that the foot rests upon the peg and the toes, and the gait is as elegant as if the lady were practicing walking upon stilts. With such modern improvements on sandals—which allow the feet perfect freedom and play—the present mademoiselle, when she attempts to run, is a spectacle at which the gods—well, not quite that, but at which her mother might well weep.—*From Good Words.*

Richardson was a printer,

Interesting Lumber Statistics.

Timber Growing and Logging Interests. Timber in the West.

In 1880 there were standing in Michigan 35,000,000,000 feet of timber. During the previous year nearly 4,500,000,000 feet were cut. In Wisconsin there were 41,000,000,000 feet standing, and the twelve months' cutting amounted to nearly 3,000,000,000 feet. At this rate of destruction it cannot be many years before the supply in these two States will be exhausted.

The Coarser Varieties of Timber.

In one of the timber growing States, there is now wealth of $87,500,000 in growing pine timber, estimated at an average value of $2.50 per thousand feet for the standing tree. As a vast source of wealth to the State in which it is growing, yet unhonored and most lightly esteemed, even to such an extent that its wanton destruction passes unnoticed, are to be found fully 7,000,000,000 feet of hemlock, which, in the near future, will be sought for at a price scarcely below the present value of the pine, for which it will be utilized as a most excellent substitute in many of the coarser uses of lumber. This hemlock is to-day utilized only in the production of bark for tanning purposes, and it bears to the timber wealth of the State only about the same relation that the hordes of buffalo upon our Western plains bear to the meat supply of our nation, as they are slaughtered by the thousands and stripped of their pelts for the use of the civilized world, while the carcass is left to the vulture, regardless of the fact that a race is being exterminated which can never again be propagated. The hemlock tree of the Northwest, like the buffalo of the plains, possesses a value, the extent of which will be realized only after the process of wasteful extermination has done its worst and no more remains to be utilized. The hemlock in one State, if placed at a value which it will bear before the expiration of five years from this date, would bring to its owners not less than $14,000,000; at the value which is placed upon it to-day it is worth not less than $2,000,000, and, in the endeavor to utilize the bark, the trunk of the tree, which might also add to the wealth of its owner, is left to rot upon the ground or to feed the forest fires which sweep away so much of our wealth every year.

The Lumber of the Future.

The increase of population causes the denuding of land which may be cultivated, and while it augments the demand for building material it reduces the supply. A proper system of arboriculture may to some extent mitigate the inconvenience of a want of timber, but it has long been apparent that other material must eventually be introduced to take the place of wood. Scientific discoveries and mechanical contrivances have brought many things into use whose value was formerly unknown. It has been shown that the most durable car wheels may be made of paper, and any one who has noticed the strong and substantial articles which are made of "paper-mache," will readily perceive that light materials may be converted into very dense substances. A scientific contemporary declares that in future years timber will be made of straw, and the article below gives the results of some experiments which have been made to test its value. It is as follows:

"The lumber of the future is to be made of straw. It is to compete with that of the better class, as there seems to be no necessity of introducing knots and shakes into the artificial material.

It is manufactured into any desired lengths from 12 feet upward, and as much as 32 inches in width. The cost is such as to compete with better or finishing grades of pine, and the locality of competition cannot vary much, for straw is usually cheap where lumber is cheap. Some samples recently exhibited held a nail as well as wood, are susceptible of high finish, and can be polished to any extent desirable. It is waterproof, and therefore must be durable as pine or oak, while it is as well adapted for roofing purposes as for fine interior work. It is susceptible of being worked by the ordinary tools of the carpenter, and once fitted for its place it will not be apt to shrink or swell. Samples resemble hard wood, about as dark as oak, but more dense in texture, with a specific gravity of one-fifth more than thoroughly seasoned black walnut. For finishing it will not be required to be as thick as ordinary lumber, as its tensile strength is about double that of wood. The future will introduce a complete change in building materials. These will include paper for doors and window frames, floors, mouldings and roofs, glass for porches and pillars, cornices and walls iron for beams, joints and rafters, with not a splinter of wood in the whole construction, which will be replaced with straw lumber, if needed."

The Logging Interests.

Owing to the open winter the logging interests of Minnesota and Wisconsin are suffering greatly. At Moose Lake camp one party, who could get in 800,000 logs if there was snow, does not expect to have 300,000 feet; another has 3,000,000 feet cut but is unable to handle it; while a third, after abandoning a section where it expected to gather 1,000,000 feet if the snow held out, will be lucky to secure 200,000 feet. In the camps on the main Chippewa, Flambeau and their tributaries, the open winter has reduced the cut of logs one third the estimated amount of 600,000,000 feet. At Menomonee, Wis., thirty-five camps expect to bank 100,000,000 feet, and the loggers of La Crosse, if the mild weather continues in the end, will have but 100,000,000 feet for their season's work. The estimated cut on the Black River was over 200,000,000 feet, of which probably not more than three-fourths will be secured. It is confidently predicted that a large number of small and new contractors will be ruined through the want of snow.

Importance of the Lumber Interests of one Shipping Port, Pensacola, Florida.

There were 86 vessels entered with an aggregate tonnage of 49,116. There were 59 vessels cleared for various ports in Great Britain, France, Italy, Belgium, Spain, Portugal, Germany, Jamaica, Cuba, Central America, Mexico, Brazil, Uruguay, and the Northern ports of America, with an aggregate tonnage of 35,098. The total exports during the month sum up as follows: Hewn timber, 490,129 cubic feet; sawn timber, 654,059 cubic feet; lumber, 8,165,000 superficial feet. This is a fair pretty exhibit of business for one month, to say nothing of several cargoes of shingles, and one of 1,850 bales cotton for Boston.

Timber Growing.

Soft maple seeds must be gathered as soon as ripe, which will be with the ripening of strawberries—late in May or early in June. Plant immediately without drying, and they will come up in a short time and make about as large a growth as locust. Catalpa seed is very delicate, lighter than parsnip seed, and on clay land if there comes a heavy rain it cannot come up through the crust. They bear transplanting as well as cabbages, and I would recommend sowing thickly in a prepared seed bed, and then transplant to nursery rows six inches apart letting them stand one year. They will, with good care, grow three feet high the first season and very stocky. I think it better to give catalpas a little more room, and allow only two hundred plants to the square rod instead of five hundred, as I recommend for locusts and maples. The earlier the trees can be planted in the spring the better, but the ground must work dry and fine. Plow and harrow till in good order, and mark out with the two-horse plow, making a furrow as deep as the land is plowed. Three hands are needed in planting, but a boy will do for one. One holds the tree upright, and the others with light shovels throw the soil on the roots and press it with their feet. I think 1000 can be planted well in a half day by two men and a boy.

Origin of Genius.

Columbus was the son of a weaver, and a weaver himself.

Rabelais, son of an apothecary.

Claude Lorraine was bred a pastry cook.

Moliere, son of a tapestry maker.

Cervantes served as a common soldier.

Homer was a beggar.

Hesiod was the son of a small farmer.

Demosthenes, of a cutler.

Terence was a slave.

Oliver Cromwell, the son of a brewer.

Howard, an apprentice to a grocer.

Benjamin Franklin, a journeyman printer.

Doctor Thomas, Bishop of Worcester, son of a linen draper.

Whitfield, son of an inn-keeper at Gloucester.

Sir Cloudesly Shovel, Rear Admiral of England, was an apprentice to a shoemaker, and afterwards a cabin boy.

Bishop Prideaux worked in the kitchen at Exter College, Oxford.

Cardinal Wolsey, son of a butcher.

Ferguson was a shepherd.

Neibuhr was a peasant.

Thomas Paine, son of a staymaker at Thetford.

Dean Tucker was the son of a small farmer in Cardignshire, and performed journeys to Oxford on foot.

Edmund Halley was the son of a soap boiler at Shoreditch.

Joseph Hall, Bishop of Norwich, son of a farmer at Ashby de la Zouch.

William Hogarth was put apprentice to an engraver of pewter pots.

Doctor Mountain, Bishop of Durham, was the son of a beggar.

Lucian was the son of a statuary.

Virgil of a potter.

Horace of a shopkeeper.

Plutus, a baker.

Gay was apprenticed to a silk mercer.

Doctor Samuel Johnson was the son of a bookseller at Litchfield.

Akenside, son of a butcher at Newcastle.

Collins, son of a hatter.

Samuel Butler, son of a farmer.

Ben Johnson worked for some time as a bricklayer.

Robert Burns was a ploughman in Ayrshire.

Thomas Chatterton, son of the sexton of Redcliffe Church, Bristol.

Thomas Gray was the son of a money scrivener.

Mathew Prior, son of a joiner in London.

Henry Kirk White, son of a butcher at Nottingham.

Bloomfield and Gifford were shoemakers.

Shakespeare, the son of woolstapler.

Mullet rose from poverty.

Milton, son of a money scrivener.

Cowley, son of a hatter.

Pope, son of a merchant.

The Church Year.

The Celestial year commences with the nearest Sundsy to the feast of St. Andrew (November 20), and is divided into the following seasons: Advent, which opens on the nearest Sunday to the St. Andrew's day and closes Christmas eve. (This season is commemorative of the first and anticipation of the second coming of the Lord Christmas, (Christ's birth); Epiphany, extending from January 6th to Septuagesima, (the manifestation of Christ to the Gentiles); Septungesima, extending to Ash Wednesday, (Christ's labors and sorrows); Lent from Ash Wednesday to Easter eve, (His fasting); Passion tide, the last two weeks of Lent, (His sufferings and death); Easter tide, extending from Easter day to Whitsun eve, (His resurrection.); Ascension tide, from the fifth Sunday after Easter day to the Saturday week following, (His ascension into Heaven;) Whitsun tide, (the coming of the Holy Ghost); and the Trinity season, from Trinity Sunday to Advent, closes the year, ("the final glory of the elect in the fruition of the Beatific Vision").

The Labor Question.

LABOR'S DEMANDS.

Striking Painters Succeed, while Marble Cutters Surrender.

NEW YORK.—The painters throughout the city made a demand on their employers for an increase of fifty cents a day, or $3 50 for a day's work. The demand was in nearly every case acceded to, and only some of the smaller shops refused it. In these the men struck to about the number of fifty, and are confident that they will shortly be re-employed at the increased rates.

The marble cutters' and marble polishers' strike was virtually ended by the return of all but the employes of two shops to their work. Some were given a slight increase in their wages but the majority went back at the old rates. The men say that the failure of their strike was due to the want of funds to continue it. They say they will strike again when their finances will allow of it.

The trackmen of the Hudson River Railroad who went on a strike for an increase in wages from $1.20 to $1.50 a day were granted an increase of 15 cents. Some went to work and others are determined to hold out for $1.50.

The Belgian pavers in the employ of Contractor Cunningham, who is laying pipes in the city through which the wires of the Edison Electric Light Company are to run, notified him that they would require after to-morrow $4 for a day's work, an increase of $1. Their demand will probable be acceded to, and if not the men will go on strike.

The striking painters who were demanding an increase of 50 cents a day in their wages are meeting with success, and the indications are that the men will be all back to work at the increased rates.

A large number of the striking men of the New York Central and Hudson River Railroad resumed work. A compromise was effected by the officials granting an increase of 15 cents a day over the former pay, $1.25.

1200 Railroad Brakemen out on the Hudson River Road.

NEW YORK—About 1200 men employed by the Hudson River Railroad as trackmen have been on a strike for an increase of wages. The strike extends from the Thirtieth street depot to Albany, and along the line but few men are employed. They are paid $1.20 and $1.37½ a day. The city men are not on a strike, but may join the others if an advance is not obtained.

The stair-builders' strike has ended successfully for the men.

The bakers are organizing, and it is thought will make a demand for increased wages.

The painters decided to demand from their employers $3.50 a day. Forty-nine employers have signified their willingness to pay the increased rate.

At a secret meeting the Harmony Mills spinners decided not to accept the ten per cent. reduction. Their acwill cause a complete cessation of work.

Closing of a Cotton Mill at Reading—Troubles Elsewhere

READING.—The Reading Cotton Mill, the largest establishment of its kind in this territory, owned and operated by the Garner estate of New York, shut down, owing to a strike among the employes, the cause of which was a notice posted up some days ago that a reduction of 10 per cent. would be made in wages. There are about 250 hands employed in this mill, the greater part of whom are boys and girls. The wages paid are considered very low, and the strikers say a reduction of 10 per cent. would not leave them sufficient to purchase the common necessaries of life, some of the boys receiving as low as 25 cents per day, while others receive from $5 to $7 per week.

The Superintendent of the mill says the order for a reduction came from New York, and was made in order to have the wages conform to those paid at the Cohoes and Wappinger Falls Mills, New York, operated by the same estate. About two hundred and fifty employes are thus thrown out of employment, whose wages aggregate about $5000 per month.

READING, Pa.—At the Reading Cotton Mill sixty boys employed in the spinning and carding departments and ninety girls in the weaving department quit work on account of a 10 per cent. reduction in their wages, to take effect on the 20th instant. The mill is still running.

HARRISBURG, Pa.—The moulders at Marshbank & Son's foundery struck for an increase of wages from $1.70 to $2 per day.

The laborers employed on the Northern Central Railroad tunnel on the west side of the river also struck for an increase in their pay.

PITTSBURG, Pa.—The Amalgamated Association of Iron and Steel Workers at a district meeting decided to advance the puddlers' scale, to $6 per ton. The present scale which expires on June 1, is $5.50, and the puddlers have been working at that rate for the past three years. Everything else on the scale has been advanced in proportion, and a scale for engineers, fixing their wages at $3.25 per day on the 2 5-10 card, was also adopted.

FALL RIVER, Mass.—Recently the masons, bricklayers and plasterers here asked for an advance from $2.75 to $3 per day. Only one or two of the employers granted the increase. The Union met and after a long discussion voted to strike.

LAWRENCE, Mass.—The affairs at the Pacific Mills assumed a new phase, it being announced that, unless the strikers voted to return, the upper mill would be shut down for six months. The treasurer now orders the upper mill to be closed for six months. This includes the entire cotton manufacturing department of the Pacific Mills and one-third of the worsted department, and will throw 2500 hands out of work.

A thousand looms are in operation at the Central Pacific Mills, with 342 weavers, a gain of 29. The entire spinning at the Tower Mill can be operated, as sufficient help has been engaged. 100 additional cards and four more raping frames were started, and there appears to be no doubt that the entire Central Mill will be in full operation shortly.

CLEVELAND, O.—The Mineral Ridge district miners, who have been working at 10 cents reduction, came out of the mines, and will await the action of to-morrow's State Convention at Columbus. The Churchill miners gave notice that an advance of 10 cents will be asked after next Monday.

CAMBRIDGE, Ohio.—The striking miners resumed work, accepting 62½ cents per ton.

WILMINGTON, Del.—The Kaolin laborers at Hockessin who struck for $1.50 per day have resumed work.

"The Man with the Iron Mask."

The identity of the "The Iron Mask," or "The Man With the Iron Mask," has never been satisfactorily established. About the year 1679 he was carried with the utmost secrecy to the Castle of Pignerol, and wore during the journey a black mask, which was not of iron, but of black velvet, strengthened with whalebone, and secured behind with steel springs, or by means of a lock, as some say. The orders were that if he revealed himself he was to be killed. He was conveyed in 1686 to the Isle of Sainte Margurite, and during the passage the strictest watch was kept, that he might not allow himself to be discovered. The unknown prisoner was in 1698 transferred to the Bastile, and was, as before, hidden behind the mask. In that prison the captive remained until his death, in 1703. On November 20th, the day after his death, he was buried in the cemetrey of St. Paul, under the name of Machioti.

The unknown was treated with the utmost respect, but so closely was he watched that he was not permitted to take off his mask, even in the presence of the physician who attended him.

Many conjectures have been hasarded as to who "The Man With the Iron Mask" could have been, the one generally received at the present day by those who have carefully investigated the subject being the following: It is conjectured that he was the Count Matthioli, a Minister of Charles III, Duke of Mantua. This Minister had been largely bribed by Louis XIV., and had pledged himself to urge the Duke, to give up to the French the fortress of Cassale, which gave access to the whole of Lombardy. Louis found that Matthioli was playing him false, and lured him to the French frontier, and then had him secretly arrested and imprisoned. As he was Minister Plenipotentiary at the time, his seizure was a flagrant violation of international law, which it was safer to be able to deny than justify, and when the denial was made once, the "honor" of France was involved in upholding it.

A Story of Early Steam Traveling.

It is related that an old country dame committed herself for the first time to a railway carriage, and by a misadventure the train on arrival that very day was run too quickly into the station, so that a van or two became smashed, and the passengers were much thrown about. The old lady in particular was jerked under the seat upon the top of her bandboxes, where she was found by the guard, meekly and patiently awaiting the opening of the door. Upon his exclaiming, "For goodness sake, ma'am, come out, there's been an accident," she gently replied, "Oh, sir, I thought you always stopped like this."

Where to plant is an important question. As a general rule, I would say plant on land not well suited for cultivation. A hillside that would soon be seamed and gullied into barrenness when cultivated, if set with trees and sown with blue grass, becomes profitable and ornamental. It is a good plan to plant shelter belts on the north and west sides of exposed fields. Dr. Warder made the statement that on the prairies of the West, with one-fifth of the land planted in timber, they would grow as much wheat as when the whole breadth was sown. I feel satisfied that there are many exposed fields that would actually yield more grain if a double or triple row of trees was planted along the western and northern borders.—*Country Gentleman.*

FOREIGN AGITATION.

LONDON.—A dispatch from Paris to the *Standard* states that 5000 employes, representing every trade connected with the manufacture of iron, have struck against the proposal of the masters to deduct three centimes on every one hundred francs of wages to be applied to the payment of insurance premiums of the men against accidents.

By looking into physical causes our minds are opened and enlarged, and in this pursuit, whether we lose the game, the chase is certainly of service.—*Burke.*

There are none who bore us like our own relations when uncongenial, none who so try our patience and wring our nerves.

Satire and lampoons on particular people circulate more by giving copies in confidence to the friends of the parties than by printing them.—*Sheridan.*

DARWIN's theory of the "survival of the fittest" is simply that the weakly die while the robust and hardy thrive and live. How true this is of all seed growth, and how necessary to sow only that which is suited by nature to live and develop. D. M. Ferry & Co., the great Seed growers and Seed dealers of Detroit, Mich., supply only the best and purest, raising their own seeds by the most approved methods and with the greatest care, and bringing to their business the invaluable aid of twenty-five years' experience in culture. Their latest Seed Annual, for 1882, is a real help to the gardener and should be in the hands of all who desire to purchase pure and true seeds. It is sent free to all who apply for it.

If you are willing to pay a fair price for your CLOTHING, and want to be sure of getting all you pay for, call on

SLEEPER & HOOD!

And select Your Garments from one of the

LARGEST AND BEST ASSORTED STOCKS OF CLOTHS

To be found in the City.

Remember We Warrant Every Garment to Fit. SLEEPER & HOOD, North Main St. Concord, N. H.

SPECIAL PRICES FOR TRADE OUT OF THE CITY. sept

DRY GOODS

OPENING!

AT

BLANCHARD'S.

Having about completed our purchasing for the Spring Trade, we invite the Ladies of Concord and vicinity to call and see our splendid array of a the

New Style Dress Goods

A HANDSOME VARIETY OF SCOTCH GINGHAMS,

American Ginghams, Satinenes, Black Bunting, Black Cashmeres, and the new goods, Drap d'Alma and Corduret Armures.

NEW WATERED SILKS!

IN ALL COLORS, FROM $1 TO $2 PER YARD.

A L-O-T O-F B-L-A-C-K S-I-L-K-S-!-!-!-!

Ten Pieces of which will be sold from one to two dollars a yard. These are bargains and will soon be sold, at the price we offer them.

New Spring Cloakings

The largest line north of Boston. All new designs and handsome colors. Will be sold very cheap.

House-Keeping Goods!

Including Table Linen, Napkins, Quilts, Towels, etc., all marked down for the coming rush of trade.

Corsets, Hosiery and Kid Gloves from Fifty cents to $2.

☞A Special Lot of Dress Goods, in dark colors, which were formerly marked at 37 1-2 cents, will be sold out at 15 cents a yard. There is no mistake about our goods or the prices, and ladies who appreciate good goods, fresh designs and all the latest fashions will find our establishment equal to anything north of Boston wherein to make purchases. Call and see for yourselves.

jesa—mar25-4m BLANCHARD'S, CENTENNIAL BLOCK, CONCORD, N. H.

WHITTEMORE & REED,

Dealers in Staple and Fancy

GROCERIES.

No efforts spared to secure and maintain

The Choicest Stock in the City.

We keep as Fine a Stock of Stationary, Fancy Groceries as any house north of Boston.

Hotel Proprietors and Boarding House Keepers will find it worth while to call and see us.

FLOUR AND TEAS A SPECIALTY.

☞All the finest lines of Imported Goods from England and France,

Including CROSS & BLACKWELL'S well known Delicacies & Staple Goods. Don't send to Boston when you can obtain the same goods from us, at Lower Rates.

38 North Main St., opp. Warren. [mar2 6mjesa] CONCORD, N. H.

FARMERS, are you asking what fertilizer you shall purchase for your crops, we say to you buy

BAUGH'S TWENTY-FIVE DOLLAR PHOSPHATE

PRICE, $25 PER TON OF 2000 LBS.

on cars or boat in Philadelphia.

☞Send for Circular showing guaranteed Analysis.

Address, BAUGH & SONS, Sole Manufacturers,

8-1jelm *20 S. Delaware Ave., Philadelphia. Pa.*

STOVES AND RANGES.

"MAGEE STANDARD" RANGES.

'WESTMINSTER PARLOR.'

Nickle plated, base burner and oven attached.

THE LARGEST STOCK OF LAMPS AND KITCHEN FURNISHING GOODS in New Hampshire.

R. C. DANFORTH & CO.,

21 North Main Street, CONCORD, N. H. cnov113m

A. B. Sanborn,

Dealer in FINE READY-MADE

CLOTHING!!

HATS, CAPS,

GENT'S FURNISHING GOODS, &c.

3 Main, opposite Warren Street, CONCORD, N. H.

Thankful for past favors, we invite your Special Attention to our

NEW AND COMPLETE STOCK OF HATS,

Carefully Selected for the Spring Trade of 1882.

Very Respectfully,

jenov1-1y A. B. SANBORN.

Parties visiting Concord are Cordially Invited to Visit

E. B. CRAPO'S

—NEW—

Trimming Store

Our Store is one of the Largest devoted exclusively to the sale of

DRESS TRIMMINGS

—AND—

SMALL WARES

In New England, and our Stock has Never Been Equalled in the State. Everything New and Novel the market affords, in

Ribbons, Lace, Gloves,

Dress Trimmings, Buttons, Hosiery, Corsets, Worsteds and Embroidery Material, Handkerchiefs, Skirts, Collars and Cuffs, Hoop Skirts, Bustles, Hamburgs, Perfumery, Lubin's Perfumes 40 cts. per oz. Laudborg's Perfumes 20 cents. Fancy Soaps, Toilet Articles, Notions and Staple and Fancy Small Wares.

As we realize the fact that we have a trade to establish, we shall not make the mistake of marking our goods too high.

If impossible to visit us we shall be pleased to send samples or give any information desired, by mail. jesaapr144m

S:E E D S.

SEED PEAS.

All the Leading Varieties, First Early, Early, Medium and Late.

Selected Expressly for Market Gardeners and Family Use.

Danvers Thick Yellow Onion Seeds, of the Very Best and Purest Stock.

Vegetable and Flower Seeds, All Kinds, Choicest and Best.

CATALOGUES now ready, containing complete list of all the BEST Flowers, Vegetable and Farm Seeds; and will be forwarded on application, by postal or otherwise, also at the office of this paper by personal call.

EVERETT & GLEASON,

34 South Market St., Boston, Mass.

jesa 4t apr11

SPECIAL!

Agents wanted to take Orders for the Best Family Bibles, with Revised New Testament and 2,500 Illustrations; Cruden's Complete Concordance; Smith's Bible Dictionery, and all Helps for Bible Study, in Most Elegant Bindings, cheaper than ever before for cash, or by INSTALLMENTS. Better Terms and Better Bibles than offered elsewhere in the United States.

☞First-Class Canvassers also wanted for our NEW WORK nearly ready. Apply at once to

D. L. Guernsey, Publisher,

jesaapr142t CONCORD, N. H.

LOST MANHOOD.

Many men, from the effects of youthful imprudence, have brought about a state of weakness that has rendered the general system so much as to induce almost every other disease, and the real cause of the trouble scarcely ever suspected, and doctored for every thing but the right one.

Notwithstanding the many valuable remedies that medical science has produced for the relief of this class of patients, wonder of the ordinary modes of treatme nt effect a cure. By our extensive college and hospital practice, we have experimented and discovered new and concentrated remedies. The accompanying prescription is offered as a certain and speedy cure, as hundreds of cases in our practice have been restored to perfect health by its use, after all other remedies have failed.

Perfectly pure ingredients must be used in the preparation of this prescription:

R—Cocain (from Erythroxylon coca), 1 drachm. Ext. Ignatiae amarae (alcoholic), 2 grains.
Jaborandi, 1-2 drachm. Ext. leptandra, 2 scruples.
Hypophosphite quinia, 1-2 drachm. Glycerin, q. s.
Gelsemia, 8 grains. MIX.

Make 60 pills. Take one pill at 8 p. m., and another on going to bed.

In some cases it will be necessary for the patient to take two pills at bed time, making the number three a day. This remedy is adapted to every condition of nervous debility and weakness in either sex, and especially in those cases resulting from imprudence.

The recuperative powers of this restorative are truly astonishing, and its use continued for a short time changes the languid, debilitated, nerveless condition to one of renewed life and vigor.

As we are constantly in receipt of letters of inquiry relative to this remedy, we would say to those who would prefer to obtain it from us, by remitting $5 in post-office money order, or registered letter, a supply will be mailed to the purest state, will be sent by return mail, from our private laboratory. ☞Consultation may be had daily upon all diseases requiring special skill.

Medical & Surgical Infirmary, 208 Tremont St., BOSTON, MASS.

Dr. Charles Russell, and Dr. Fred. Ackerman, Principals.

jesa feb13-3m

THE MISTERY OF

LOVE MAKING SOLVED

Or an Easy Road to Marriage.

A STRANGE & WONDERFUL BOOK

Old Gypsy Madge's Fortune Teller

And the Witches Key to Lucky Dreams.

RUMNEY.

The Knights of Honor of Rumney Valley Lodge will have a social dance at Jones' Hall, Monday evening, May 1st. Music by Hall's full orchestra. All are cordially invited to attend. Tickets to dance $1.00. Tickets to hall 15 cents. A. C. Hill, W. H. Kenistou, O. E. Simpson, Vernon Atwood, managers.

The annual meeting of Universalist Parish takes place May 2d in the afternoon, at the church.

NOTICE.

AN OPPORTUNITY for satisfactory and profitable employment suitable for almost any person, is offered by an enterprising firm who have just issued a low priced, useful work for everybody, which they call the "Pocket Manual." Dr. Tiffany says "It is an admirable work, constantly needed." The N. Y. Independent says "A sort of cyclopædia in the vest pocket." The Phila. Ledger says "It is surprising how much important matter has been stowed away in this convenient form." Our State Librarian says "I should think every one would want a copy."—Scores of others endorse in equally emphatic terms, and all seem to agree with The National Journal of Education, which says "It is one of the most useful and convenient books ever published, in every respect a model, and the pith of many volumes" Town, City, County agents are Wanted. Complete sample with Terms, &c. for $1.25, or particulars for stamp, by applying to Bay State Publishing Co., 827 Main Street, Springfield, Mass. We judge there is a good chance for some one to handle this work in this county. jesa tf

It is often said that you can't get "something for nothing." This rule does not hold good with subscribers to Foster's Illustrated Musical Journal, a musical and literary publication, printed on fine tinted paper, illustrated and containing over $20 worth of music, while every subscriber may receive large Cash Prizes. See adv. of "Music—Money" in another column. 1t

WANTED.—An active, responsible person to represent the undersigned, in the sale of the new and enlarged edition of "Hill's Manual of Social and Business Forms," in Grafton Co., N. H. Over 300,000 copies of this work now in circulation. Liberal terms will be made to the right person. BAIRD & DILLON, 23 Bromfield St., Room 41, Boston, Mass. jesa-1m.

DANAHA'S FAMILY

ROOT BEER,

Twenty-five cent package makes 5 gallons of a delicious, wholesome, economical, sparkling, temperance tonic. At your druggists, or sent by mail for 25c. M. J. DANAHA, Manufacturer, East Boston, Mass. jesa aprill 1m.

HOP BEER.

An excellent Domestic Tonic, 25c; buys complete recipe for making 15 gals of a delicious, healthful, sparkling, nutritious, temperance beverage. Sent by mail for 25c. M. J. DANAHA, East Boston, Mass. jesa april 1m.

Chinese Starch Enamel.

The new self-shining linen polish for shirt bosoms, cuffs, collars, lace, curtains, etc. Preserves linen, irons smoothly, prevents sticking, saves labor. It imparts a splendid perfume, and gives elegant hard, pearl gloss finish, on all laundered clothes, the same as when new. A single trial proves its merit. Ask it of grocers. Price per box, 15c. Sample sent free for stamp Address sole manufacturers. DANAHA & CO. East Boston, Mass. jesa april 1m.

The Secret Wealth Recipes.

Gold plating, magic solder, furniture polish, spavin cure, axle grease, harness blacking, Russia salve, pile ointment, cough syrup, writing inks, French dressing, family extracts, laundry blue, toilet soap, baking powder, artificial honey, German cologne, hair beautifier, tooth paste, hair restorer, only 25c. each. All complete for $2. Address DANAHA & Co., East Boston, Mass. jesa apr9 4t

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IRELAND OF TO-DAY

INTRODUCTION BY

THOS. POWER O'CONNOR, M. P.

New, Able, Reliable, Highly Commended.

It tells why the people are poor and uneducated, why rents are high and families occur. It shows how the land was confiscated and the manufactories ruined. It describes the Land League, the Land Act and the Coercion Bill. Contains full-page Engravings and Map in colors. PRICE ONLY $2.00 PER COPY. Sales immense. Send 50 cts. for full outfit and begin work at once. For full particulars, address

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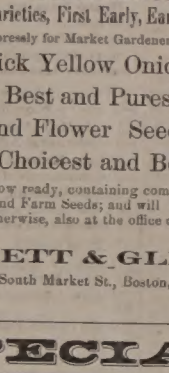

FLAX-SEED EMULSION COMPOUND!

A SUPERIOR COMBINATION OF THE HYPOPHOSPHITES WITH THE FAT-PRODUCING PROPERTIES OF FLAX-SEED.

OGDENSBURG, N. Y., Feb. 1, 1882.

Flax-Seed Emulsion Compound Co.

GENTLEMEN,—After a long and thorough trial in my own family of Flax-Seed Emulsion Compound, and observing its excellent effects wherever used for the diseases for which it is prepared, I take great pleasure in recommending it as a preparation in which you cannot place too much confidence. I have not only seen its wonderful effects in my own family but I have personally recommended it to many others and in every instance it has accomplished more than my most sanguine expectations could have anticipated. I am confident there are now thousands suffering with chronic and acute Rheumatism, if they could obtain and use Flax Seed Emulsion Compound their unqualified support would be given to it. The effects produced by it in Nervous Prostration and in Paralysis are but little short of the marvelous, some of my own personal friends suffering from Paralysis having been restored by its use. Very Truly Yours,

SIDNEY BROWN,
Vice President of the Ogd. National Bank.

SWANTON, IOWA, August 30th, 1881

Flax-Seed Emulsion Compound Man'f Co

GENTLEMEN,—Six weeks ago I came to this place from Brookfield, Vermont, to see and care for a sister who had been suffering for more than a year with nervous prostration, entirely unfitting her for household cares or work, and for the past six months has not been able to wait for herself, and at times could not collect her thoughts enough to make her wants known.

When I saw what a condition she was in I hadn't any heart to do anything for her. I thought she must die soon. Before starting from Vermont I obtained through the kindness of a friend at Williamstown one bottle of your Flax-Seed Emulsion Compound. My sister commenced taking the Emulsion soon after my arrival, and I am happy to say her symptoms are very much more favorable. The past week she has given directions to her kitchen maid about her work, and has wiped dishes for me—things she has not done for six months before. The doctors here have not done her any good at all.

Yours respectfully
MARY A. FISK.

In her letter dated Dec. 13, 1881, she says; I have taken pains to recommend your medicine as far as I could, for my sister is a living speaking recommendation. People are obliged to acknowledge that F. S. E. Compound has done wonders for her.

ODDENSBURG, N. Y., Feb. 1st, 1882.

GENTLEMEN:

During last summer my system became very much debilitated and run down and I was advised to take a trip west. While there I became affected with Malaria, which still further reduced me, and while in this low condition one of my lungs became involved, and alarming symptoms rapidly developed themselves. On my return from the west, I was in so low a state that I was for four (4) weeks confined to my room, and bed. In this condition I commenced taking the Flax-Seed Emulsion Compound and at once all the alarming symptoms began to rapidly disappear, and in the course of two bottles of it, I gained (37) pounds in flesh, and my health and strength seem now to be better established than ever before, and I cheerfully recommend it to the weak and debilitated.

Yours truly HENRY L. PROCTOR.

☞*Ask for and use the Imperial Kidney Cure & Liver Regulator. Agents wanted.*

Agents, Fowler & Wyatt, Plymouth, N. H.

New Store.

The Best Goods at the Lowest Prices at

S. BLOOD'S.

SPRING STYLES IN

Carpetings.

Oil Cloths, and Straw Mattings, Paper Hangings, Window Shades and Fixtures, China and Glass Ware, Majolica and Gold Band Sets, Student Lamps and Chandeliers, Table Cutlery and Plated Ware, Picture Frames, Mirrors, Mondoir Glasses, Scroll Saws, Designs, Impression Papers, &c., Fancy Wood Mouldings and Frames, Perforated and Gilt Paper, Embossed Pictures, Shell and Tissue Paper, Splints, Dolls, Fancy Goods, &c., &c.

☞Thankful to our numerous customers for their very liberal patronage in the past, we hope by strict attention to the interests of our patrons, to receive a continuance of their esteemed favors. Orders by mail will receive prompt attention.

S. BLOOD, New Opera House Block,

jesa mar13 1y Concord, N. H.

C. M. BOYNTON.

Is Now Opening Full Lines of New and Desirable

DRY GOODS

—FOR—

1882. SPRING. 1882.

To early purchasers we desire to announce that we are now exhibiting a carefully selected variety of fashionable and seasonable

DRESS GOODS.

In style, quality and price they will bear the inspection of the most exacting purchaser.

BLACK FRENCH LACE Buntings

—IN—

Very Choice Styles

JUST RECEIVED!

New Cloakings, Dolmans and Ulster Cloth in New Spring Styles now open.

A job lot of Hamburg Edges in choice styles at lower prices than we have ever been able to sell before.

A large lot of choice Plaid Ginghams at 12 1-2 cents.

Another Lot Pique only 10 cents. Very cheap. Usual price of goods 20 cents.

We have several very choice Styles to offer in Fancy Black Dress Goods at prices that will please close sharp buyers.

Our stock of Colored Silks and Satins are very cheap. Call and see them.

Also our sales in Black Silks, continues at less than Boston prices.

☞In Small Wares we have no Competition to meet north of Boston. These goods we send by mail for inspection.

Visit our store before purchasing Dry Goods of any kind.

☞And remember it is easy to find, being directly Opposite Depot St., and our sign is a BIG HAND pointing directly where bargains in our line are being given.

N. B. We send goods and samples by mail when desired and they can be returned if not satisfactory.

C. M. BOYNTON,

29 Central Block Opposite Depot.

Concord, N. H.

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GET THE BEST

A NEW BUTTER-WORKER

TRY ONE.

We are now ready to offer to Dairymen and to the trade, a HAND BUTTER-WORKER perfecting on the principle of direct and powerful pressure instead of rolling, grinding or sliding upon the butter.

We claim that it is the only Butter-Worker which will expel, quickly and easily, take out all the buttermilk, and which does not and cannot injure the grain of the butter. It works to salt as easily and as well

THE GENUINE

BLANCHARD CHURN

GET THE BEST

Four sizes made for Family Dairies. Four sizes for Factory use. All our goods are of the best stock and the best workmanship. They are strong, simple, efficient, convenient and durable. They continue to be the Standard Churns of the Country.

Inquire of the nearest dealer in such goods for a "Blanchard Butter Working" or "Genuine Blanchard Churn," and if he has none on hand send postal for Prices and Descriptive Circular to

THE INVENTORS AND SOLE MANUFACTURERS, PORTER BLANCHARD'S SONS, Concord, N. H. sept6 1m.

ONION SEED

Warranted All NEW SEED.

THE GLOBE DANVERS.

Seed grown on adjoining Farm to Daniel Boston, by one of the Best Onion Growers in Danvers and especially for us. We have the yield of 1000 bushels on the Globe shaped Onion, without a Fancy price.

$4 per lb., 5-lb. lots $3.75 per lb.

We have no California or Cheap Seed.

PEAS, all SORTS.

Marblehead Sweet Corn.

Bliss's American Wonder Pea.

NEW POTATOES.

Send for Elegant Catalogue.

PARKER & GANNETT,

BOSTON and SPRINGFIELD. 4t jesa

JOYFUL News for Boys and Girls! A Young and Old! A NEW INVENTION just patented for them, for Home use!

It is a Small Scroll Sawing, Turning, Boring, Drilling, Grinding, Polishing, Screw Cutting. Price $5 to $20.

Send 6 cents for 100 pages.

EPHRAIM BROWN, Lowell, Mass.

OPIUM Morphine HABIT CURED in 10 to 20 DAYS.

THOUSANDS of references from persons cured. We pay until Cured. Dr. J. STEPHENS, Lebanon, O.

AGENTS wanted, to sell Edison's Musical

Telephone and Edison's Instantaneous Piano and Organ Music. Enclose stamp for catalogue and terms.

EDISON MUSIC CO., Philadelphia, Pa. jesa-mar29

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The advertiser, having been permanently cured of the dreadful disease, consumption, by a simple remedy, is anxious to make known to his fellow-sufferers the means of cure. To all who desire it, he will send a copy of the prescription he used, (free of charge,) with the directions for preparing and using the same, which they will find a SURE CURE for CONSUMPTION, ASTHMA, BRONCHITIS, &c. Parties wishing the prescription, will please address, Rev. E. A. WILSON, 194 Penn St., Williamsburgh, N. Y. 1 26jesaly

PIMPLES.

I will mail (Free) the receipt for a simple VEGETABLE BALM that will remove TAN, FRECKLES, PIMPLES, and Blotches, leaving the skin soft, clear and beautiful. Also directions for producing a luxuriant growth of hair on a bald head or a smooth face. Address inclosing 3c. stamp, Ben. Vandorf & Co., 3 Bleecker St. Jesa3jesaly

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A GENTLEMAN who suffered for years from Nervous DEBILITY, PREMATURE DECAY and all the effects of youthful indiscretion, will for the sake of suffering humanity, send free to all who need it, the recipe and directions for making the simple remedy by which he was cured. Sufferers wishing to profit by the advertiser's experience can do so by addressing in perfect confidence. JOHN B. OGDEN, 42 Cedar St., New York. Jan26jesaly

$66 a week in your own town

$5 Outfit and terms free. No risk. Everything new. Capital not required. We will furnish you everything. Many are making fortunes. Ladies make as much as men, and boys and girls make great pay. Reader, if you want a business at which you can make great pay all the time you work write for particulars to H. HALLETT & Co. Portland, Maine. jesa oct21y

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Planters and Wholesale Oyster Dealers.

32 Faneuil Hall square,

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We would call the attention of the Public to the superior quality of the Providence River, and Norfolk Oysters we have in stock.

☞Send trial order. jesatfdec20

GOLD

Great chance to make money. Those who always take advantage of the good chances for making money that are offered, generally become wealthy, while those who do not improve such chances remain in poverty. We want many men, women, boys and girls to work for us right in their own localities. Any one can do the work properly from the first start. The business will pay more than ten times ordinary wages. Expensive outfit furnished free. No one who engages fails to make money rapidly. You can devote your whole time to the work, or only your spare moments. Full information and all that is needed sent free. Address STINSON & Co., Portland, Me. cjes oct27 1y.

BEST business before the public.

You can make more money faster at work for us than at anything else. Capital not needed. We will start you. $12 a day and upwards made at home by the industrious. Men, women, boys and girls wanted everywhere to work for us. Now is the time. You can work in spare time only or give your whole time to the business. You can live at home and do the work. No other business will pay you nearly as well. No one can fail to make enormous pay by engaging at once. Costly outfit and terms free. Money made fast, easily and honorably. Address TRUE & Co. Augusta, Maine. cjes oct27 1y

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Of Good Business Ability to represent it in each town in Grafton and Belknap Counties.

For further particulars address the Secretary

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THE

CAMBRIDGE NEWS,

—AND—

THE PROHIBITION BANNER,

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Prohibition, Woman Suffrage, Purity of the ballot Box and Home, and General News.

NEWS, per annum $1.50.
BANNER, per annum, 1.00.

Write for Sample Copies and Terms to Agents. Mention this Paper. jesafb-29

ARTIFICIAL TEETH.

DR. BRIGHAM begs to call attention to his method of inserting Artificial Teeth

Without Covering the Roof of the Mouth.

These plates contain no mercurial or other poisons, and do not interfere with either taste or speech.

Prices reduced twenty-five per cent on artificial work.

Special attention paid to filling badly decayed teeth.

D. T. BRIGHAM,

DENTIST.

No. 2 Hamilton Place. BOSTON.

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$50,000

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SELECT GROCERIES

TO BE

GIVEN AWAY!

These Goods are a Large and Very Choice Assortment, placed in our hands for distribution and introduction to the consumers.

SEND FOR CIRCULARS.

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Size 19x24 inches. Comprising portraits of all the jurymen, judges and counsel engaged in the case; also handsome portraits of James A. Garfield and the Assassin Guiteau. Price, 25 cents. We offer 300 per cent. profit to agents. Send 25 cents for sample and agent's terms. One can be sold in every house. Address,

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C. B. Barrett & Co.,

Original Manufacturers of

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—AND—

Hermitage Rye.

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THE ADVERTISER

AND BUDGET OF FUN.

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10 pkts Flower Seeds, 25c. 10 pkts Fine Flower Seeds, 25c. 10 pkts Double Annuals and Perennials, 50c. Double Tuberose Pearl, each, 10c. Good Flowering Bulbous, each, 5c. L. H. JONES, seedsman,

jesa apr1 tf St. Johnsbury, Vt.

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LADIES to send 50c. each for a year's subscription to the ADVERTISER AND BUDGET OF FUN, a large 12 page literary monthly, and receive as a FREE PRESENT, Ten pkts of Good Flower Seeds, retail price from 50 to 75 cents, making $1.25 for only 50 cents and two 3c stamps for postage.

ADVERTISING PUB. CO.,
Jesa apr15t Woodsville N. H.

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